

(Abstract)

FYUGP- Scheme and Syllabus (First and second Semesters only)of Bachelor of Business Administration(Aviation & Airport Management) Programme (BBA AAM) in affiliated colleges under Kannur University with effect from 2024 Admission - Approved- Orders Issued

ACADEMIC C SECTION

ACAD C/ACAD C4/21870/2024

Dated: 04.12.2024

Read:-1. U.O. No. FYUGPSC/FYSC-I/5074/2024, dated: 18/04/2024

- 2. U.O. No. FYUGPSC/FYSC-I/5074/2024, dated: 06/08/2024
- 3. E-mail dtd.24.05.2024 from the Chairperson, Board of Studies in Travel & Tourism (Cd)
- 4. The Minutes of the Meeting of the Scrutiny Committee held on 19.06.2024
- E-mail dtd.24.06.2024 from the Chairperson, Board of Studies in Travel & Tourism (Cd)
- 6. The Minutes of the Meeting of the Academic Council, held on 25.06.2024
- 7. E-mail dtd.27.10.2024 from the Chairperson, Board of Studies in Travel & Tourism (Cd)
- 8. Minutes of the meeting Standing committee of Academic council held on 13.11.2024
- 9. The Orders of Vice Chancellor in File number ACAD C/ ACAD C4/21871/2024 dtd.26.11.2024.

ORDER

- 1.The Regulations of Kannur University Four Year Under Graduate Programmes (KU-FYUGP Regulations, 2024) for Affiliated Colleges was implemented with effect from 2024 admission vide paper read as(1) above and certain modifications were effected thereafter, vide paper read (2) above.
- 2. Subsequently, the Chairperson, Board of Studies in Travel & Tourism (Cd) vide paper read as (3) above, submitted the Scheme and Syllabus of the BBA AAM programme (first and second Semesters only) to be implemented in Affiliated Colleges under the University with effect from 2024 admission, in tune with KU-FYUGP Regulations, 2024.
- 3. Thereafter, the Scrutiny Committee, which included the Dean, Faculty of Commerce & Management Studies scrutinized the same and recommended certain suggestions, vide paper read as (4) above.
- 4. Subsequently, the Chairperson, Board of Studies in Travel & Tourism (Cd) vide paper read as (5) above, forwarded the defect rectified Scheme & Syllabus (first and second Semesters only) of the BBA AAM programme, for approval.
- 5.The XXVIII th meeting of the Academic Council, held on 25-06-2024 vide paper read as (6) approved the Scheme and Syllabi of various FYUGP in principle and permitted to publish the same, as and when ready, after making the necessary modifications.
 - 6. The Minutes of the Academic Council was approved by the Vice Chancellor.
- 7. However, on verification of the Syllabus with the approved Regulations, certain errors were noted in the Syllabus and the matter was communicated to the Chairperson, Board of studies in

Travel and Tourism (Cd).

8. Subsequently, the Chairperson, vide the paper read (7), submitted the modified Scheme and Syllabi (I & II Semesters only) of the BBA AAM programme, along with the Minutes of the Board of Studies, approving the modifications.

9.Thereafter, the meeting of the Standing Committee of Academic Council, held on 13.11.2024, considered the matter and recommended to approve the modified Scheme and Syllabus of the BBA AAM programme w.e.f. 2024 admission, vide paper read (8).

10.The Vice Chancellor, after considering the Recommendation of the Standing Committee of the Academic Council and in exercise of the powers of the Academic Council conferred under Section 11 (1) Chapter III of Kannur University Act, 1996 and all other enabling provisions read together with, approved the modified Scheme and First and Second semester Syllabi of the BBA AAM programme (FYUGP) in Affiliated Colleges under Kannur University and accorded sanction to implement the same w.e.f. 2024 admission, subject to reporting to Academic Council.

11.The Scheme and First and Second Semester Syllabi of the BBA AAM programme (FYUGP) in Affiliated Colleges under Kannur University w.e.f.2024 admission are appended with this U.O. and uploaded in the University website.

Orders are issued accordingly.

Sd/-

ANIL CHANDRAN R DEPUTY REGISTRAR (ACADEMIC)

For REGISTRAR

To:

The Principals of Affiliated Colleges

Copy To: 1. The Examination Branch (through PA to CE)

- 2. The Chairperson, Board of Studies in Travel & Tourism (Cd)
- 3. PS to VC/PA to R
- 4. DR/AR (Academic)
- 5. The IT Cell (For uploading in the website)
- 6. SF/DF/FC

Forwarded / By Order

SECTION OFFICER







(Abstract)

FYUG - Bachelor of Business Administration (Aviation and Airport Management) Programme (BBA AAM) - Third and Fourth semester Scheme and Syllabus - Approved & Implemented w.e.f 2024 Admission - Orders issued

ACADEMIC C SECTION

ACAD C/ACAD C4/21870/2024

Dated: 19.07.2025

Read:-1.U.O No.ACAD C/ACAD C4/21870/2024 dated.04.12.2024

- 2.Minutes of the meeting of the Board of Studies in Travel & Tourism (Cd) held on 09.05.2025
- 3.E-mail dtd. 26.05.2025 from the Chairperson, Board of Studies in Travel & Tourism (Cd).
- 4. Minutes of the Online meeting of all Dean of Faculties held on 04.06.2025.
- 5. Orders of the Vice Chancellor dtd 04.06.2025 in file No. ACAD C/ACAD C3/2948/2025

ORDER

- 1.The Scheme and Syllabus (First & Second Semesters only) of B.B.A (Aviation and Airport Management) Programme under FYUGP pattern were approved and implemented w.e.f 2024 admission as per the paper read as(1) above.
- 2.Subsequently, the Board of Studies in Travel and Tourism (Cd),in its meeting held on 09.05.2025, finalised the syllabus for the Third and Fourth Semesters of the B.B.A (Aviation and Airport Management) Programme and the Chairperson, as per paper read (3), submitted the same for approval.
- 3.The syllabus, prepared by the Board of Studies in Travel and Tourism (Cd) was forwarded to the Dean, Faculty of Commerce & Management studies for verification and the meeting of all Deans of faculties held on 04.06.2025 vide paper read (4) recommended to approve the same.
- 4.The Vice Chancellor after considering the the recommendation of the meeting of all Deans of faculties and in exercise of the powers of the Academic Council conferred under the Section 11 (1) chapter III of Kannur University Act 1996, and all other enabling provisions read together with, approved the Third and Fourth Semester Syllabus of the B.B.A (Aviation and Airport management) programme (FYUGP) and accorded sanction to implement the same w.e.f 2024 admission in the Affiliated Colleges under the University, subject to reporting to the Academic Council.
- 5.The Third and Fourth semester Syllabus of the BBA AAM Programme (FYUGP) is appended with this U.O and uploaded in the University website. (www.kannuruniversity.ac.in)

Orders are issued accordingly.

Sd/-

Bindu K P G DEPUTY REGISTRAR (ACADEMIC)

For REGISTRAR

- 2. The Principals of Arts and Science Colleges affiliated to Kannur University
- 3. The Chairperson, Board of Studies in Travel and Tourism (Cd)

Copy To: 1. PS to VC / PA to PVC / PA to R/PA to FO/PA to CE (to circulate among the section concerned)

- 2. DR / AR (Acad) / AR II Exam/JR II Exam
- 3. Computer Programmer/EXC I/AR VII (Exam)
- 4. Web Manager (for uploading in the website)
- 5. SF/DF/FC

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FOUR YEAR UNDERGRADUATE PROGRAMME

SYLLABUS

BACHELOR OF BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION (AVIATION AND AIRPORT MANAGEMENT)

BBA (AAM)

(2024 Admission onwards)

Board of Studies: Travel and Tourism (Cd)

PREFACE

Tourism is a fundamental human activity that involves people traveling to destinations outside their usual environment for various purposes. It may include leisure and recreation, business and professional activities, cultural exchange, or simply the desire to explore new places and gain enriching experiences. The tourism industry not only satisfies this inherent human wanderlust but also stimulates economic growth, generates employment opportunities, and fosters cultural understanding and appreciation. The tourism and hospitality industry is a dynamic and multifaceted sector that plays a crucial role in the global economy. It encompasses a wide range of businesses and services that cater to the needs of travelers, tourists, and visitors. From hotels and restaurants to tour operators, airlines, and cruise lines, the industry offers a diverse array of experiences and opportunities for both leisure and business travelers.

Hospitality, on the other hand, forms an integral part of the tourism industry, focusing on the provision of services and amenities to ensure a pleasant and comfortable experience for travellers. It encompasses a wide range of establishments, including hotels, resorts, bed and breakfasts, hostels, restaurants, cafes, bars, and other accommodation and food service providers. The industry is dedicated to creating memorable experiences for guests by delivering exceptional customer service, personalized attention, and a warm and welcoming environment.

Together, the tourism and hospitality sectors form a symbiotic relationship, as tourism drives the demand for hospitality services while the quality of hospitality directly influences the overall satisfaction of tourists. This interdependence highlights the significance of collaboration and synergy between various stakeholders, including governments, tourism boards, travel agencies, destination management organizations, and businesses within the industry.

In recent years, the industry has witnessed significant growth, driven by factors such as rising incomes, globalization, improved transportation infrastructure, and the increased accessibility of travel information through the internet and social media. As the world recovers from the pandemic, the industry identifies various opportunities in rebuilding and redefining the future of tourism and hospitality.

The tourism and hospitality industry navigates through a constantly evolving global landscape, influenced by factors such as technological advancements, changing consumer preferences, economic fluctuations, geopolitical developments, collaboration, innovations, and environmental concerns. It is a significant contribution to the global economy, generating substantial economic earnings in various forms. These earnings come from several sources, including direct spending by tourists, job creation, tax revenues, foreign exchange earnings, and investments in infrastructure development. The tourism industry is a significant contributor to

employment globally, providing numerous job opportunities across various sectors. This will multiply in the coming decade. Ironically, there is a wide gap in demand and supply of trained manpower for this, with a shortage of undergraduate as well as postgraduate programs in the state. The present total employment generated from tourism in Kerala is estimated to be 1.2 million. The peculiar dynamics of the industry require professionals to adapt and innovate continuously to meet the evolving needs and expectations of travelers while ensuring sustainability and responsible tourism practices. All these clearly show the need for quality-trained manpower for the tourism industry that can be fulfilled through the implementation of outcome-based curriculum in universities and colleges.

RATIONALE AND NATURE OF BBA(AAM) PROGRAMME

Tourism education and skill training play a crucial role in developing a qualified and competent workforce for the tourism and hospitality industry. With the rapid growth and evolving nature of industry, there is a continuous need for professionals who possess the knowledge, skills, and abilities to meet the diverse demands of travelers and tourists. Tourism education and skill training programs aim to equip individuals with the necessary expertise to excel in various roles within the industry, ranging from hotel management and tour guiding to event planning and destination marketing. The BBA (AAM) program equips students with the skills and knowledge relevant to the tourism & hospitality industry. The program aims to develop professionals for tomorrow and academicians and researchers with strong academic backgrounds.

BOARD OF STUDIES & EXPERT COMMITTEE MEMBERS

BBA (AAM) of Kannur University is a new generation course that strides towards quality postgraduate education in North Malabar, which is poised to become a major tourism destination. The Expert Committee for syllabus reconstruction has left no stone unturned in designing this program. Syllabi of several postgraduate programs in India and abroad have been referred to in drafting a new and updated syllabus for this program. Moreover, as tourism is a dynamic and multidisciplinary subject of study, all contemporary aspects have been carefully woven into designing this program. Extreme care has been taken to include as many details as possible so that students coming from various streams can easily learn and equip themselves with the fastest-growing industry through this program.

BOS CHAIRPERSON:

Dr. Sindhu Joseph, Assistant Professor and Head, PG Dept. of TTM, Govinda Pai

Memorial Government College, Manjeshwaram, Kasaragod.

BOS MEMBERS

- Dr. Dileep M.R, Associate Professor, Department of Travel and Tourism Management, Pazhassiraja College, Pulpally, Wayanad (Director, KITTS, Trivandrum)
- 2. Dr. Binoy T A, Associate Professor, Central University of Kerala, Kasaragod.
- 3. Dr. Hafees V K, Assistant Professor, Department of Tourism and Hotel Management, Amal College of Advanced Studies, Nilambur, Malappuram
- 4. Dr. Shemeer Babu T, Assistant Professor, Department of Tourism and Hotel Management, Amal College of Advanced Studies, Nilambur, Malappuram
- Dr. Joseph P. D., Assistant Professor, Department of TTM, Mangalore University, Karnataka.
- 6. Anujith S, Assistant Professor, Department of Tourism and Hotel Management, Amal College of Advanced Studies, Nilambur, Malappuram
- 7. Shelji Mathew, Assistant Professor, Department of Travel and Tourism Management, Pazhassiraja College, Pulpally, Wayanad
- 8. Sanoop Kumar P V, Assistant Professor, Department of Travel and Tourism Management, Pazhassiraja College, Pulpally, Wayanad
- 9. Prasoon John, Assistant Professor, Department of Travel and Tourism, People's Co-operative Arts & Science College, Munnad, Kasaragod.
- Paveesh Kumar A G, Assistant Professor, Department of Tourism, M M Knowledge Arts & Science College, Karakkund, Kannur

EXPERT COMMITTEE SPECIAL INVITEES

- 1. Sri. Mohammad Vaseem C, Junior Research Fellow, Kannur University.
- Agney Sai C, Assistant Professor, Govinda Pai Memorial Government College, Manjeshwaram, Kasaragod.
- Dr. Reshma P T, Assistant Professor, Govinda Pai Memorial Government College, Manjeshwaram, Kasaragod
- 4. Abin K. I., Assistant Professor, Govinda Pai Memorial Government College, Manjeshwaram, Kasaragod
- Sifad Siddique, Assistant Professor, Govinda Pai Memorial Government College, Manjeshwaram, Kasaragod

PROGRAM OUTCOMES (POs)

Program Outcomes (POs) serve as a foundational framework defining the skills, knowledge, and attributes that students at Kannur University are expected to acquire upon completion of a specific academic program. Tailored to the unique goals of each program, POs articulate the overarching learning objectives that guide curriculum design and assessment. These outcomes encompass a diverse range of competencies, including critical thinking, problemsolving, effective communication, and discipline-specific expertise. POs play a crucial role in shaping educational experiences, ensuring alignment with academic standards and industry expectations. By articulating clear and measurable expectations, POs contribute to the continuous improvement of academic programs and provide a roadmap for students to develop into well-rounded, competent professionals within their chosen fields.

PO1	Critical Thinking and Problem-Solving: Apply critical thinking skills to analyze
	information and develop effective problem-solving strategies for tackling complex
	challenges.
PO2	Effective Communication and Social Interaction: Proficiently express ideas and
	engage in collaborative practices, fostering effective interpersonal connections.
PO3	Holistic Understanding: Demonstrate a multidisciplinary approach by integrating
	knowledge across various domains for a comprehensive understanding of complex issues.
PO4	Citizenship and Leadership: Exhibit a sense of responsibility, actively contribute to the
	community, and showcase leadership qualities to shape a just and inclusive society.
PO5	Global Perspective: Develop a broad awareness of global issues and an understanding of
	diverse perspectives, preparing for active participation in a globalized world.
PO6	Ethics, Integrity and Environmental Sustainability: Uphold high ethical standards in
	academic and professional endeavors, demonstrating integrity and ethical decision-
	making. Also acquire an understanding of environmental issues and sustainable
	practices,
	promoting responsibility towards ecological well-being.

PROGRAM-SPECIFIC OUTCOMES (PSOs)

The broad objective of the BBA (AAM) program is to create professional managers, leaders, and researchers in the tourism/hospitality industry. Program-specific outcomes (PSOs) include:

PSO1	Develop a comprehensive and multidisciplinary understanding of tourism
	concepts, principles, practices, and hospitality and aviation industry.
PSO2	Cultivate technical and interpersonal skills, including teamwork, communication, and
	leadership abilities, to thrive in competitive, dynamic, and diverse work environments, and adapt to various roles in multicultural contexts.
	environments, and adapt to various roles in municultural contexts.
PSO3	Demonstrate proficiency in hotel, airline, and tour operations by applying
	management principles effectively.
PSO4	Create innovative digital strategies for hospitality and aviation industry and apply
	technological solutions to streamline tourism operations and thereby enhance tourist
	experiences and service quality
PSO5	Apply project management and entrepreneurial skills in conceptualizing, realizing,
	and implementing various tourism, aviation and hospitality projects.
PSO6	Leverage research-based knowledge and skills to benefit tourism and aviation
	industry, as well as society at large.

CAREER OPTIONS AFTER THE BBA (AAM) PROGRAMME

After successful completion of the program, the students should be competent to work in the tourism and hospitality industry, including airlines, airports, tour operation companies, travel agencies, travel departments of corporate firms, event management companies, the hospitality sector, cruise ships, transport operators, government agencies, academics, research, consultancies, NGOs, etc. Above all, the program encourages entrepreneurship also.

1) Technical Research and Development

- Social Scientists
- Research Coordinators/Project Officers/Assistants of various welfare programs of Governments/NGOs.
- Agencies of National & International Repute

2) Education

- Teaching faculty in colleges and national and state Institutes in Travel & Tourism
- Special Educators and Instructors in Vocational Higher Secondary Schools (VHSE), which offer Tourism as a Vocational Course

Management) onwaras
Resource persons for various firms/institutes/colleges/university centers

3) Administrators

- Tourism Information Officers (TIO) in Department of Tourism (DOT)-Kerala and other state/central ministries
- Hospitality managers/Hospitality assistants in KTDC likewise
- Extension officers or officers on special duties assisting tourism projects.
- Information Assistants
- District Tourism Promotion Council (DTPC) Secretaries

4) Tour Operations and Travel Agency Business

- Senior Tour Consultant
- Junior Tour Consultant
- Information Assistant
- Marketing Executive / Sales Executive
- General Sales Agent (GSA)

5) Product Design and Development

- Product developers
- Interior/Landscape designers of firms/hotels/spas/Consultancy services
- Event Management
- Entertainment

6) Marketing and Sales

- Sales promotion personnel
- Trusted Cost Accountants (TCA) of Government's Promotional Campaigns (domestic and overseas)
- Consumer awareness campaigns

7) Hospitality/Service jobs

- Front Office Managers
- Restaurant/Bed and Breakfast Inn Managers/HR Managers
- Spa attendants/health assistants in spas/health resorts
- Professional Guides
- Service personnel in home stays/houseboats likewise.

8. Airlines/Airports

- Aviation Project Manager
- Airport Operations Manager
- Aviation Consultant
- Ground Handling/Customer Care Executive
- Cabin Crew

PEDAGOGY

The BBA (AAM) program is a blend of theoretical and practical/field components. Students and institutes must work in tandem to achieve this. The method of pedagogy includes lectures, case studies, practicums, role plays, presentations, discussions, project work, field trips, cultural exchange programs, and national/international destination visits. It is encouraged to properly engage in extracurricular activities every semester. It could include industry visits, participation in events like seminars, exhibitions, tourism fests, nature camps, organizing events, adventure camps, short treks, etc.

BBA(AAM) PROGRAMME

(From 2024 Admission Onwards)

LEARNING ACTIVITIES

1. Study Tour

- A) During the First Semester, the students shall take up a small study tour /excursion within Kerala or to the neighboring state for a period of *not more than two days* and the tour report should be submitted to the Head of the Department soon after the tour which will be considered for internal evaluation. The duration of the tour should not exceed the stipulated days in any case.
- B) In the 4th semester, the students of BBA (AAM) shall be required to undertake a study tour for a period of 6-9 days maximum to important tourist destinations, *national or international*, in order to gain insights into various aspects of tourism like tour planning and organizing, tour operation, experiencing travel, tourist attractions, products, destination management, and knowing the interrelationship between tourism and different industries. At least *one leg of the journey must be by air* to gain a primary knowledge of aviation and the airline industry, which students study in foundation, major, and minor courses. The possibility of involving different modes of transportation in the package may be utilized.

Important Note: National tours are not exclusive to North India and can occur anywhere in the country, covering at least three important tourism destinations (not attractions). Any regions of India, including the North, West, East, and South, or interregional, may be included in the plan.

2. Industrial Visit/Field Visit

The department should make the effort to schedule field trips/industrial visits in accordance with the syllabus, and the practical exam should be done with utmost seriousness. When analyzing industrial visit/field visit reports, extreme caution must be exercised to ensure the report's material is of high quality.

3. Case Study

Guidelines for Conducting Case Studies

1. Selecting the Case Study Topic

• Relevance: Choose a topic that is relevant to current trends, challenges, or innovations in the travel and tourism industry.

2. Structuring the Case Study

- **Title Page:** Include the title of the case study, your name, course details, and date of submission.
- Introduction: Provide background information on the topic, the purpose of the study, and the research questions or objectives.
- Literature Review: Review existing literature related to the topic to provide context and identify gaps your study will address.
- Methodology: Describe the research methods used for data collection and analysis.
 Specifically, the tools and techniques employed.
- Findings: Present the data collected, using charts, graphs, and tables where appropriate. Interpret the findings in relation to your research questions.
- Conclusion: Summarize the key points of your study, including recommendations for industry or future research.
- **References:** List all sources cited in the study in a consistent citation style (APA, MLA, etc.).
- Appendices: Include any additional material that supports your study, such as questionnaires, interview transcripts, or raw data.

3. Evaluation Criteria

- Relevance and Originality: The case study should be relevant to the field of travel and tourism management and offer original insights.
- Analysis and Interpretation: Provide a well-reasoned analysis and clear interpretation of the findings.
- Clarity and Structure: Ensure the study is well-organized, clearly written, and free of grammatical errors.
- Practical Implications: Highlight practical implications and recommendations for the travel and tourism industry.

INSTRUCTIONAL RESOURCSES FACILITIES REQUIRED FOR BBA(AAM)

(NEW GENERATION PROGRAMME)

Each industry in an economy has its own specific requirements that prospective employees in that industry should possess. These requirements are needed for the efficient functioning of the prospective employee and to make him/her more productive. However, the present hospitality/tourism programs fail to inculcate operational skills and technical skills such as housekeeping operations, front office management, marketing skills, the ability to perform front office and housekeeping operations, and other planning and management activities due to the inadequate facilities available in regular arts and science colleges. Further, there exists a wide gap between academia and the tourism industry. Bridging the gap between hospitality/tourism education and the hospitality/tourism industry, communication skills, multilingual and operational skills, and the most prominent skills needed for them to fit into the industry.

Ensuring classroom learning experiences applicable to actual management situations has been an important issue as well as a concern for higher education institutions that provide hospitality management education. To broaden students' thinking and enable them to operate outside the existing practices and paradigms, the BBA (AAM) course intends to provide some form of practicum. A practical element is not only a defined characteristic of hospitality management education but also indicates its strong connection with industry. It is essential for hospitality management institutions that aim to employ the participatory approach of providing practical training, additional workshops, motivational lectures from industry experts, academic exchange programs, and industry visits to help students to motivate them, maintain discipline, learn

2024 admission onwards

Management) professional standards, and focus on their learning goals. BBA (AAM) is a new generation course; therefore, the faculty of this program must be qualified as per the UGC guidelines and university norms and should impart training to its students through a range of in-house training facilities and outdoor activities. Professionalism, enhancement of skills, community involvement and support, entrepreneurship, research, and development are the other value additions envisaged by this course, which requires the following mandatory infrastructural facilities in the institutions.

Eligibility of Teaching Faculty.

The Board of Studies (BOS) recommends that *all core courses related to Aviation should be taught by teachers with qualifications such as MBA (AAM) or any post graduate program with aviation as a core course at the PG level.* This can be ensured prior to the start of the program for it to run effectively. In an emergency caused by the non-availability of qualified faculty, the services of experienced professionals from the airport/airline business should be temporarily utilized to ensure the students' future. If it is done so, the condition should not be prolonged, and the university should monitor the qualification of the teaching faculty of the BBA (AAM) program. Teachers with MTTM, MTM, MBA (Tourism), MTHM, and MTA can teach all tourism- and hospitality related courses. However, the courses such as KU1DSCAAM103(Front Office Manageme KU1MDCAAM101, (Basics of Food Production), KU3DSCAAM204 (Housekeeping Operations), KU2DSCAAM106 (Food and Beverage Service) and KU4VACAAM202 (Basics of Food Science and Nutrition) may be preferably taught by teachers with the above qualifications who have studied hotel management/operations as their specialization at either the UG or PG level for the efficient delivery of the courses.

Infrastructure for In-House Training Facilities

To ensure students' learning experiences align with industry demands, hospitality management schools must develop suitable physical facilities that offer adequate training opportunities. Institutions should provide spaces for training in housekeeping and front office operations, such as furnished housekeeping rooms and front office desks. Additionally, computer labs, language labs, and libraries are essential for supporting effective research and enabling students to undertake tourism consultancy work, projects, journal papers, and DPRs. Participatory training approaches that encourage student engagement and contributions are crucial, as they equip students with the professional knowledge, skills, and creativity needed for effective and efficient work in hospitality establishments.

1. Field Visits (FVs)

Experiential learning, an interactive method where students learn through hands-on activities, enables them to carry these experiences into future endeavors. In aviation and hospitality education, airport and airline visits are indispensable for extending learning beyond the traditional classroom. Students should be exposed to airline industry settings through field visit activities. Also, institutions should regularly organize industrial visits to expose students to current tourism and hospitality industry trends and best practices.

2. Training/Capacity Building Programs

Institutions should regularly host conferences, seminars, and workshops to exchange ideas and gain theoretical and practical knowledge, ensuring graduates are industry-ready. Acting as a nodal agency for local tourism stakeholders, departments can offer students real-world event organization experience and opportunities to earn while learning. Academic exchange programs should also be explored. Enhancing communication skills is essential for managerial tasks, including business presentations, capacity building, guest interactions, and writing business documents.

3. Community Engagement

The BBA (AAM) program should conduct interactive initiatives that enable students to engage continuously with local self-governments in designing, developing, and managing tourism projects, benefiting both students and stakeholders. This engagement can also be extended to alternative tourism models, such as women's entrepreneurial groups and farm tourism units. Additionally, the program should create opportunities for students to work closely with the tourism department, industry, and community throughout the duration of the program.

CREDIT REQUIREMENTS FOR THE DIFFERENT PATHWAYS IN THE BBA (AAM) PROGRAMME

	Academic	Major	Minor	Foundation	Internship	Total
	Pathway			Courses		Credits
				AEC: 4		
				Courses		
				MDC: 3		
				Courses		
				SEC: 3		
				Courses		
				VAC: 3		
				Courses		
		4 Cred	lits for each	3 Credits for		
		C	Course	each Course		
	Single Major (A)	68	24	39	2	133
		17	6 courses (1,	13 courses		
1		courses	2, 3			
			semesters)			
	Major (A) with	68 (17	12+12=24 (6	39	2	133
	multiple disciplines (B)	courses)	courses (1, 2,	(13 courses)		
2	disciplines (B)		3 semesters)			
*	Major (A) with	68	24	39	2	133
3	Minor (B)					
4	Major (A)	68	24	39	2	133
	with Vocational					
	Minor (B)					

BBA (AAM) – Bachelor of Business Administration (Aviation and Airport

2024 admission

Manageme	ent)		onwards	
5	Double Major	A1: 48	The 24 credits in the Minor stream are	133
	(A1, A2)	A2: 44	distributed between the two Majors. Overall,	
			40% of credits to be earned in the second	
			major. 2 MDC, 2 SEC, 2 VAC and the	
			internship should be in Major A. Total	
			credits in Major A should be 48+ 20 = 68	
			(50% of	
			133) 1 MDC, 1 SEC and 1 VAC should be in Major B. Total credits in Major B should be 44 + 9 = 53 (40% of 133	

PROGRAM PATHWAYS

In FYUGP, the existing UG programs are modified into five possible structures or combinations, called academic pathways. Each pathway is defined by a specific combination of discipline-specific courses (DSC). The seven pathways are the following:

1. Single Major pathway: This pathway may be recommended to those students who opt for an in-depth study in a particular discipline, without systematically exploring any other discipline

The students pursuing KU-FYUGP in a specific discipline shall be awarded a UG Degree in a major discipline if they secure a minimum of 68 credits in that major discipline from 17 courses (50% of the total credits of 133 required for the three-year program), out of which 10 courses should be above level 300.

Out of the remaining 26 credits required from discipline-specific courses in the first three years, the 2 credits from internship should be in the major discipline, and 24 credits can be from any 6 discipline-specific courses other than the major discipline.

If the students continue to the fourth year of KU-FYUGP, to be eligible for a UG Degree (Honours) in the major discipline, they should earn a further 32 credits in that major discipline from advanced-level courses or projects and an additional 12 credits from any discipline.

Eg: BSc Chemistry Major; BA English Major; BA Economics Major

2. **Major with Minor pathway:** This pathway may be recommended to those students who wish for an in-depth study in more than one discipline with a more focus on one discipline (Major) and relatively less focus on the other (Minor). The concept of Minor is relevant only when there is a Major discipline.

If students pursuing KU-FYUGP are awarded a Major Degree in a particular discipline, they are eligible to be awarded a Minor in another discipline of their choice, if they earn a

2024 admission onwards

minimum of 24 credits in the Minor discipline at the end of third year and 32 credits at the end of fourth year, to be eligible for a UG Degree (Honors) with a Major and a Minor.

Examples: BSc (Honours) Physics Major with Chemistry Minor, BA (Honours) English Major with Psychology Minor, B. Com (Honours) Commerce Major with Economics Minor

3. **Major with multiple disciplines pathway:** This pathway is recommended for students who wish to develop core competencies in multiple disciplines of study. In this case, the credits for the minor pathway shall be distributed among the constituent disciplines/subjects.

If students pursuing KU-FYUGP are awarded a UG degree in a major discipline, they are eligible to get mentioned for their core competencies in other discipline(s) of their choice if they have earned 12 credits from the pathway courses of a particular discipline. In the first three years of KU-FYUGP, this pathway is composed of one major discipline with 68 credits from 17 courses and a maximum of two other disciplines, with 12 credits from 3 courses in each discipline. If the students continue to the fourth year of KU-FYUGP, the details of the credits in the major discipline in the fourth year are the same as given for the Single Major Pathway. In the fourth year, the students need to earn an additional 12 credits from any discipline. These 12 credits can be in the form of three discipline-specific courses in any one discipline, in which case this third discipline will be added to the multiple disciplines of this pathway.

Examples: BSc (Honours) in Physics Major with Chemistry and Mathematics, BA (Honours) in Economics Major with History and English.

4. **Double Major Pathway:** This pathway may be recommended to those students who wish for an in-depth study in two disciplines to an equal extent. It is composed of two major disciplines with a minimum of 50% credits in one major (A) and a minimum of 40% credits in another major (B) out of the total credits. In the three-year UG program, it is specified that the student should earn a minimum of 68 credits in Major A and 53 credits in Major B to qualify for a UG degree with a double major. The double major pathway is not extended to the fourth year. In the fourth year, the student can continue to earn the required credits in either Major A or Major B to qualify for a UG Degree (Honors) / UG Degree (Honors with Research) in A or B. If he/she opts to continue with Major B in the fourth year, he/she should earn an additional 15 credits of 300-399 level B through inperson or online courses.

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(ent) onwards Examples: BSc Physics and Chemistry Major, BA Economics and History Major, BCom Commerce and Management Major.

5. Major with Vocational Minor Pathway: This pathway may be recommended to those students who wish for exposure in a vocational discipline in addition to in-depth study in the Major discipline

Degree Major with Vocational Minor In the first three years of FYUGP, this pathway is composed of one major discipline with 68 credits from 17 courses, and when the student continues to the fourth year of FYUGP, the student will be eligible for a UG Honours Degree in a major with a vocational minor if they earn 32 credits in the chosen vocational minor discipline.

Examples: BSc Physics Major with Data Analysis Minor, BA English Major with Translation Minor, BCom Commerce Major with Company Secretaryship Minor

6. Multi-disciplinary Major pathway: The program offered by this pathway is of a multidisciplinary nature with credits distributed among the broad disciplines. For multidisciplinary major pathway, the credits for the major and minor pathways will be distributed among the broad disciplines.

The overall fraction of major and minor constituent disciplines or broad disciplines should be 70 % of the total credits. For a 3-year program, the credit requirements in the constituent discipline should be 94 credits, and for a 4-year honors program, they should be 124 credits, including the project.

Examples: Life Science, Data Science, Nano Science

7. Interdisciplinary Major Pathway: This pathway program is offered jointly by two or three disciplines with credits distributed among the constituent disciplines/subjects to get core competency in the interdisciplinary areas distributed among the constituent disciplines/subjects.

The overall fraction of major and minor constituent disciplines should be 70 %. For a 3year program, the credit requirements in the constituent discipline should be 94 credits and for a 4-year honors program, they should be 124 credits, including the project.

Example: Econometrics, Global Studies, Biostatistics.

Note: BBA (AAM) students can choose minor courses from any discipline other than their own discipline.

Course and Credit Structure for Different Pathways

Course Distribution for Students in Semesters I – VI

- (1) Single Major: The 6 courses together in B and C can be in different disciplines.
- (2) Major with Multiple Disciplines: B and C represent two different disciplines.
- (3) Major with Minor: B and C represent the same minor discipline.
- (4) Major with Vocational Minor: B and C represent the same Vocational Minor discipline

Ability Enhancement Courses (AEC): AEC shall be offered by language disciplines only. (AEC 1 and AEC 3 shall be offered by English discipline and AEC 2 and AEC 4 shall be offered by other languages

Multi-disciplinary Courses (MDC) : MDC 1 and MDC 2 shall be offered by all disciplines, and MDC 3 in Kerala-specific content shall be offered by language disciplines only.

Value-Added Courses (VAC): Value-added courses shall be offered by all disciplines, and preference for offering value-added courses in a college will be given to language or other disciplines depending upon the available workload of the respective disciplines in the college.

Skill Enhancement Courses (SEC): Skill Enhancement Courses shall also be offered by all disciplines, and preference of offering these courses in a college will be given to disciplines depending upon the available workload of the respective disciplines in the college.

Overall, 20% of courses shall be designed by individual faculty, and the evaluation of these courses shall be internal. Courses developed by individual faculty members shall be approved by the respective Board of Studies.

Evaluation

- Students shall secure a minimum of 30% for the end-semester evaluation and an aggregate of 35% for successful completion of each course.
- Regarding evaluation, a one-credit course may be evaluated as 25 marks, two credits for 50 marks, three credits for 75 marks, and four credits for 100 marks.
- In the evaluation of a 4-credit theory course of 100 marks, 30 marks will be by continuous comprehensive assessment and 70 marks will be by end semester evaluation. The duration for the end-semester evaluation of theory courses of 70 marks shall be two hours. The

2024 admission onwards

duration for the end-semester practical examination shall be fixed by the respective BoS. For the evaluation of courses with both theory and practicum components, the marks for ESE and CCA may be fixed by ensuring the credit-mark relation (one credit corresponds to 25 marks).

- In the evaluation of a 3-credit theory course of 75 marks, 25 marks will be by continuous comprehensive assessment and 50 marks will be by end semester evaluation. The duration for the end semester evaluation of theory courses of 50 marks/below 50 marks shall be of one and a half hours (1.5 hr)
- The duration for the end-semester practical examination shall be fixed by the respective BoS. For the evaluation of courses with both theory and practicum components, the marks for ESE and CCA may be fixed by ensuring the credit-mark relation (one credit corresponds to 25 marks).
- In the case of courses with both theory and practicums, for course components (Theory or Practicum) with even credits, the ratio of continuous comprehensive assessment (CCA) to End semester examination (ESE) is 30:70 for theory/lecture and 40:60 for practical/practicum. However, for course components with odd credits the marks are calculated following same proportion and are rounded to convenient whole numbers wherever necessary.

Attendance and Progress

- The minimum attendance required for each course shall be 75 % of the total number of classes conducted for that semester. Those who secure the minimum attendance in a semester alone will be allowed to register for the End Semester Examination.
- Condonation of a shortage of attendance for a maximum of 10 days in a semester, subject to a maximum of two spells for Semesters I to VI and 10 days in a semester, subject to a maximum of two spells for Semesters VII to VIII separately, will be granted by the vice chancellor as per the existing rules.

Time limit for the completion of the program

- The maximum time limit to complete the program for a candidate taking exit on completion of 6 semesters shall be 6 years after joining the program.
- The maximum time limit to complete the program for the FYUGP shall not exceed 8 years after joining the program.

- Notwithstanding anything contained in these regulations, the vice chancellor shall, for a period of one year (may be revised) from the date of coming into force of these regulations, have the power to provide by order that these regulations shall be applied to any program with such modifications as may be necessary.
- Notwithstanding anything contained in these regulations, any amendments or modifications issued or notified by the UGC or state government, from time to time, shall be deemed to have been incorporated into these regulations and shall constitute an integral part thereof.
- These regulations or modifications mentioned above will be applicable to the admission of students to a one-year postgraduate program (after completion of a 4-year undergraduate program) or a two-year postgraduate program after completion of a three-year degree program satisfying the credits as per the National Credit Framework and UGC regulations for the Four-Year Undergraduate Program.

CREDIT DISTRIBUTION

BBA(AAM) PROGRAMME

From 2024 Admission Onwards

	Sem	DSC	DSC-	MDC	AEC	SEC	VAC	INT	PRJ	Total							
		Major	Minor							Credits							
	I	4	4+4	3	3+3					21							
	II	4	4+4	3	3+3					21							
	III	4+4	4+4	3			3			22							
BBA(AAM)	1V	4+4+4				3	3+3			21							
	V	4+4+4+4+4				3				23							
	VI	4+4+4+4				3				25							
	3 Year UG	68	24		39)		2		133							
	VII	4+4+4+4								20							
	VIII	4+4+4	4+4+4					••••	☆ 12	24							
For	Four		36			39		2		177							
Years UG Pro	Years UG Program 100																
	* 12 (credits Project	can be tal	ken inste	ad of th	ree Ma	jor cou	rses									

BBA (AAM) FOUR YEAR UG PROGRAMME

COURSE STRUCTURE

SPECIFIC COURSES OF BBA (AAM)

(DSC, MDC, VAC, SEC)

Sem	Course Code	Type - Course	Course Name	CCA	ESE	Total	Exam	Credits	Hrs	Total credits
		AEC-1								
		AEC-2								21
	KU1DSCAAM101	DSC-A1	Business of Tourism and Aviation	30	70	100	2 Hrs	4	4	21
S1	KU1DSCAAM102	DSC -B1	Travel Geography	30	70	100	2 Hrs	4	4	
31	KU1DSCAAM103	DSC-C1	Front Office Management	30	70	100	2 Hrs	4	4	
	KU1MDCAAM101	MDC-1	Basics of Food Production	25	50	75	1½Hrs	3	3	
		AEC-1								
		AEC-2								
	KU2DSCAAM104	DSC A2	Airline Industry	30	70	100	2 Hrs	4	4	21
CO	KU2DSCAAM105	DSC-B2	Cultural Heritage and Hospitality	30	70	100	2 Hrs	4	4	
S2	KU2DSCAAM106	DSC-C2	Food and Beverage service	30	70	100	2 Hrs	4	4	
	KU2MDCAAM102	MDC-2	Special Interest Tourism	25	50	75	1½Hrs	3	3	

KU3DSCAAM201	DSC A3	Tourism Products and Resources	30	70	100	2Hrs	4	4	
KU3DSCAAM202	DSC-A4	Tour Designing	30	70	100	2 Hrs	4	4	
KU3DSCAAM203	DSC-B3	Tourism Destination Mapping	30	70	100	2 Hrs	4	4	22
KU3DSCAAM204	DSC-C3	Housekeeping Operations	30	70	100	2 Hrs	4	4	
KU3MDCAAM201	MDC-3	KS	25	50	75	1 ½ Hrs	3	3	
KU3VACAAM 201	VAC-1	Customer Relationship Management	25	50	75	1 ½ Hrs	3	3	
KU4DSCAAM205	DSC-A5	Airline Management	30	70	100	2 Hrs.	4	4	
KU4DSCAAM206	DSC-A6	Tourism Law and Administration	30	70	100	2 Hrs.	4	4	
KU4DSCAAM207	DSC-A7	Tour Leadership and Study Tour	30	70	100	2 Hrs.	4	5	
KU4SECAAM201	SEC-1	Business Communication	25	50	75	1 ½ Hrs	3	3	21
KU4VACAAM202	VAC-2	Basics of Food Science and Nutrition	25	50	75	1 ½ Hrs	3	3	
		Event Management and				1 ½			
	KU3DSCAAM203 KU3DSCAAM204 KU3DSCAAM204 KU3MDCAAM201 KU3VACAAM 201 KU4DSCAAM205 KU4DSCAAM206 KU4DSCAAM207 KU4SCAAM201	KU3DSCAAM203 DSC-A4 KU3DSCAAM203 DSC-B3 KU3DSCAAM204 DSC-C3 KU3MDCAAM201 MDC-3 KU3VACAAM 201 VAC-1 KU4DSCAAM205 DSC-A5 KU4DSCAAM206 DSC-A6 KU4DSCAAM207 DSC-A7 KU4SECAAM201 SEC-1	KU3DSCAAM201 DSC A3 Resources KU3DSCAAM202 DSC-A4 Tour Designing Tourism Destination Mapping Housekeeping Operations KU3DSCAAM204 DSC-C3 Operations KU3MDCAAM201 MDC-3 KS Customer Relationship Management KU4DSCAAM205 DSC-A5 Management Tourism Law and KU4DSCAAM206 DSC-A6 Administration Tour Leadership and KU4DSCAAM207 DSC-A7 Study Tour Business KU4SECAAM201 SEC-1 Communication KU4VACAAM202 VAC-2 Nutrition Event	KU3DSCAAM201 DSC A3 Resources 30 KU3DSCAAM202 DSC-A4 Tour Designing 30 Tourism Destination Mapping 30 KU3DSCAAM203 DSC-B3 Mapping 30 KU3DSCAAM204 DSC-C3 Operations 30 KU3MDCAAM201 MDC-3 KS 25 Customer Relationship Management 25 KU4DSCAAM205 DSC-A5 Management 30 KU4DSCAAM206 DSC-A6 Administration 30 KU4DSCAAM207 DSC-A7 Study Tour 30 KU4DSCAAM201 SEC-1 Communication 25 Basics of Food Science and Nutrition 25 KU4VACAAM202 VAC-2 Event	KU3DSCAAM201 DSC A3 Resources 30 70 KU3DSCAAM202 DSC-A4 Tour Designing 30 70 Tourism Destination Mapping 30 70 KU3DSCAAM203 DSC-B3 Mapping 30 70 KU3DSCAAM204 DSC-C3 Operations 30 70 KU3MDCAAM201 MDC-3 KS 25 50 KU3WACAAM 201 VAC-1 Management 25 50 KU4DSCAAM205 DSC-A5 Management 30 70 Tourism Law and KU4DSCAAM206 DSC-A6 Administration 30 70 Tour Leadership and KU4DSCAAM207 DSC-A7 Study Tour 30 70 KU4SECAAM201 SEC-1 Communication 25 50 KU4VACAAM202 VAC-2 Nutrition 25 50 Event	KU3DSCAAM201 DSC A3 Products and Resources 30 70 100 KU3DSCAAM202 DSC-A4 Tour Designing Destination 30 70 100 KU3DSCAAM203 DSC-B3 Mapping Mapping 30 70 100 KU3DSCAAM204 DSC-C3 Housekeeping Operations 30 70 100 KU3MDCAAM201 MDC-3 KS 25 50 75 Customer Relationship Management 25 50 75 KU4DSCAAM205 DSC-A5 Management 30 70 100 Tourism Law and Administration 30 70 100 KU4DSCAAM206 DSC-A6 Administration 30 70 100 KU4DSCAAM207 DSC-A7 Study Tour 30 70 100 KU4SECAAM201 SEC-1 Communication 25 50 75 Basics of Food Science and KU4VACAAM202 VAC-2 Nutrition 25 50 75	KU3DSCAAM201 DSC A3 Products and Resources 30 70 100 2Hrs KU3DSCAAM202 DSC-A4 Tour Designing 30 70 100 2 Hrs KU3DSCAAM203 DSC-B3 Mapping 30 70 100 2 Hrs KU3DSCAAM204 DSC-C3 Housekeeping Operations 30 70 100 2 Hrs KU3MDCAAM201 MDC-3 KS 25 50 75 Hrs KU3VACAAM201 VAC-1 Management 25 50 75 Hrs KU4DSCAAM205 DSC-A5 Management 30 70 100 2 Hrs. Tourism Law and Tour Leadership and Tour Leadership and Study Tour 30 70 100 2 Hrs. KU4DSCAAM207 DSC-A7 Study Tour 30 70 100 2 Hrs. Business Communication 25 50 75 Hrs KU4VACAAM201 SEC-1 Communication 25 50 75	KU3DSCAAM201 DSC A3 Products and Resources 30 70 100 2Hrs 4 KU3DSCAAM202 DSC-A4 Tour Designing 30 70 100 2 Hrs 4 KU3DSCAAM203 DSC-B3 Mapping 30 70 100 2 Hrs 4 KU3DSCAAM204 DSC-C3 Mapping 30 70 100 2 Hrs 4 KU3MDCAAM201 MDC-3 KS 25 50 75 Hrs 3 KU3VACAAM201 MDC-3 KS 25 50 75 Hrs 3 KU4DSCAAM201 VAC-1 Management 25 50 75 Hrs 3 KU4DSCAAM205 DSC-A5 Airline Management 30 70 100 2 Hrs. 4 KU4DSCAAM206 DSC-A6 Administration 30 70 100 2 Hrs. 4 KU4DSCAAM207 DSC-A7 Study Tour 30 70 100 2 Hrs. 4	RU3DSCAAM201 DSC A3 Resources 30 70 100 2Hrs 4 4

Sem	Course Code	Minor	Course Name
		Course	
SEM 1	KU1DSCAAM102	DSC -B1	
SEM 1	KU1DSCAAM103	DSC-C1	
SEM 2	KU2DSCAAM105	DSC-B2	Cultural Heritage and Hospitality
SEM 2	KU2DSCAAM106	DSC-C2	Food and Beverage Service
SEM 3	KU3DSCAAM203	DSC-B3	Tourism Destination Mapping
SEM 3	KU3DSCAAM204	DSC-C3	Housekeeping Operations

DETAILED SYLLABUS-BBA (AAM) SEMESTER 1

BUSINESS OF TOURISM AND AVIATION

Program	BBA(AAM)						
Course Code	KU1DSCAAM1	01					
Course Title	BUSINESS OF T	OURISM A	ND AVIAT	ION			
Type of Course	DSC A1						
Semester	1						
Academic Level	100 – 199	100 – 199					
Course Details	Credit	Lecture	Tutorial	Practical	Total Hours		
		per week	per week	per week			

KU1DSCAAM101

SEMESTER 1

Course Summary This course is expected to deliver an understanding of the basics of tourism, hotel and aviation industries. Students will be able to obtain the basic knowledge of airline operations and management; understand both the technical side and business side of airline industry; and develop skills for majority of tasks in airline management.

Course Outcomes (COs):

CO	CO Statement	Cognitive Level*	Knowledge Category#	Evaluation Tools used
CO1	Understand the concepts of tourism and Hospitality and the historical background of tourism and hospitality industry	R	С	Quiz/ Practical Assignment
CO2	Identify the components and elements and travel motivational factors of Tourism	U	P	/Observation of Practical
CO3	Get an understanding of air transport and its management and regarding the technical terms and codes associated with airline operations.	E	P	Skills/ Seminar Presentation
CO4	Familiarize with airport and airline operations.	An	Р	/ Technology- based assessment
CO5	Understanding various rules, regulations, and procedures of airport handling and airline management.			

^{* -} Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (Ap), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C) # - Factual Knowledge(F) Conceptual Knowledge (C) Procedural Knowledge (P) Metacognitive Knowledge (M)

DETAILED SYLLABUS:

Module	Unit	Content
I		Basic concepts of tourism
	1.	History and evolution of tourism (Brief): Roman early travel, trade routes,
		Empire and concept of annual holiday, social(paid)Tourism; Grand Tour, dark
		age, renaissance in Tourism;
	2.	Thomas cook & early organized travel – Introduction of Air, rail and water
		Transport-
	3.	Modern tourism - Travel and tourism in medieval Europe: Feudalism, Crusades,
		Renaissance, Exploration (in brief)- Industrial Revolution, Transport
		Revolution (Advent of Jet and High-speed trains)
	4.	Definition and Basic concepts of Tourism-Meaning, Nature, Scope, and
		Importance of Tourism, Definition and Distinction between Travelers,
		Visitors, Excursionist, Tourist, Transit visitor, Leisure and Recreation
	5.	Components and elements of tourism-7A of Tourism- Attraction, Accessibility,
		Accommodation, Amenities, Activities, Ancillary Services, and Awareness
		Tourism system and its components
	6.	Travel motivational factors- Wanderlust and Sunlust- Push and Pull Factors of
		Tourism.
	7.	Determinants of travel behavior -Basics of Tourism demand, Net travel
		propensity, Gross travel propensity.
II		8. Typology of tourism
	8	Travel motivational factors- Wanderlust and Sunlust- Push and Pull Factors of
		Tourism- Maslow's theory
	9.	Determinants of travel behaviors -Basics of Tourism demand, Net travel
		propensity, Gross travel propensity
	10.	Types of Tourist Statistics (Volume, Value, Visitor Profiles)- Contemporary
-		trends in Indian Tourism-Travel formalities to India
***	11.	Major service Providers: Hotels, Airline Industry, Cruises- Rent A car-MICE.
III	10	12. Aviation Industry
-	12	History of aviation Origin of civil aviation - History of Civil Aviation in India
	13.	Role of IATA, ICAO, Airport Authority of India (AAI), DGCA
	14.	Airline Terminology -Air Transport regulations: Bilateral Regulations-
		Freedoms of Air-Multilateral regulations- Warsaw and Chicago conventions - Open Sky policy
	15.	Types of Airlines- Classes of Service and aircraft configuration
	16.	Job Opportunities in airlines- Cabin Crew - Services- Job Specifications and
		Qualifications
IV		17. Introduction to Hotel Operations
	17	Overview of the hospitality industry-Origin of the hotel industry-
		Importance of hotel operations in the hospitality industry
	18.	Types of hotels and their classifications
L		

	19	Organization Structure of hotel
	20	Different departments in a hotel- Career aspects of hotel industry
V		Teacher Specific Content (12 Hrs)

References:

- Cooper, C., Fletcher, J., Fyall, A., Gilbert, D., & Wanhill, S. (2008). Tourism: Principles and Practice. Pearson.
- "Hotel Management and Operations" by Michael J. O'Fallon and Denney G. Rutherford (Wiley, 2018)
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- Dogaris, R., Gr AAMam, A., &Lobbemberg, A. (1994). The Aitport Business. London: Routledge Publishing.
- Negi. J. (2005). Air travel Ticketing and Fare construction. New Delhi: Kanishka Publications
- Wensveen, J. G., & Wells. A. T. (2007). Air Transportation: .4 management perspective. Aldershot, England: Ashgate. o Wells, A. T. (2012). Air transportation: A management perspective. Behnont, CA: Thomson/Brooks/Cole.
- Doganis, R. (2010). Flying Off Course: Airline Economics and Marketing. Routledge.

CO-PSO Mapping:

CO's	Programme Outcomes (PO's)					
	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO1	1	1	1	2	-	1
CO2	1	2	1	2	-	-
CO3	1	1	1	2	-	-
CO4	2	3	3	1	1	1

Correlation Levels:

Level	Correlation
-	Nil
1	Slightly / Low
2	Moderate / Medium
3	Substantial / High

Assessment Rubrics

Evaluation Type	Marks
End Semester Evaluation	70
Continuous Evaluation	30
a). Case Studies	15
b) Assignments/ Seminar Presentations	5
c)Test Paper	10
Total	100

SEMESTER 1 KU1DSCAAM102 TRAVEL GEOGRAPHY
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Programme	BBA(AAM)				
Course Code	KU1DSCAAM102				
Course Title	Travel Geography				
Type of Course	Minor-B1				
Semester	1				
Academic Level	100 – 199				
Course Details	Credit	Lecture	Tutorial	Practical	Total Hours
		per week	per week	per week	
	4	4			60
Course Summary	This co	ourse explor	es India's tra	avel geograpl	hy, focusing on its
	diverse features, cultural landscapes, and tourism development,				
	aiming to understand comprehensively how geography shapes				
	travel e	xperiences.			

Course Outcomes (CO):

CO	CO Statement	Cognitiv e Level*	Knowledg e Category#	Evaluation Tools used
CO1	Understand the concept of travel Geography and familiarize with geographical diversity features of India	U	C	
CO2	Analyze and describe the Geographic resources of tourism in India	An	Р	
CO3	Analyze and describe the physical features of Kerala, examining its impact on travel patterns and tourism experiences.	E	P	Quiz/
CO4	Develop practical map reading, interpretation, and analysis skills to plan travel routes, identify geographical features and evaluate destination suitability for tourism development.	Ap	Р	Practical Assignment /Observation of Practical
CO5	Apply geographical concepts and principles to analyze the impact of geography on tourism development	Ap	Р	Skills/ Seminar Presentation/

				Technology- based assessment
* - Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (Ap), Analyze (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)				

^{# -} Factual Knowledge(F) Conceptual Knowledge (C) Procedural Knowledge (P) Metacognitive Knowledge (M)

DETAILED SYLLABUS:

Module	Unit	Content					
I		Introduction to Travel Geography					
	1	Definition and scope of travel geography, Geographical Factors impacting tourism:					
		latitude, longitude, and altitude,					
	2	Overview of key geographical concepts - continents, country, regions,					
		transportation, economic activities					
	3	Study of India's diverse topography: Northern mountains or Himalayas, Northern					
		Plains, Peninsular Plateau, Great Indian Desert, Coastal Plains, Islands					
	4	4 Climatic regions- climatic classification by Koeppen					
	5	Drainage System – Himalayan and Peninsular Rivers					
	6	Natural Vegetation and soil types					
II		Geographic Resources of India					
	7 Major Hill Stations, Mountains, Glaciers, Caves, Valleys, Lakes, Beaches						
	8 Other Geographic formations with tourism potential in India – National Parks, Wildlife Sanctuaries, Biosphere Reserves						
	9	IUCN Protected Area categories					
	10 Impact of physical geography on tourism destinations in India						
III		Geographical Features of Kerala					
	11	Physiographic features of Kerala – Highland, Midland, Lowland					
	Popular tourist destinations and attractions in Kerala						
	13 Exploration of Kerala's backwaters and their significance						
	14	Western Ghats – Drainage - Rivers					
	15	Climate of Kerala – Monsoon in Kerala					
	16	Impact of Climate on Kerala Tourism					
IV		Introduction to Map Study					
	17	Maps and its use: Cartography, Definition					
	18	Maps: scale, Types of maps, Online/Digital map					
	19	Uses of Maps with focus on Travel and Tourism					
	20	Important Digital Maps or Apps.					
	21	Toposheets – Signs and Symbols					
	22	Use of GIS, GPS, Remote Sensing, 3 D Mapping					
V		Teacher Specific Content (12 Hrs)					
	Recor	nmended Frameworks.					
		Case studies on how natural features attract tourists					

Note: Recommended Learning Activity:

Prepare a field visit report on a chosen destination in Kerala analyzing its geographical features (excursion-1 day).

References

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- Richard H. Bryant, Physical Geography Made Simple, Elsevier Science · 2013
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- World Health Organization, United Nations Environment Programme, World Health Organization, 1991, ISBN 9789241544160, 9241544163
- Robert Broadbent Matkin, Dalesman, 1997, ISBN:9781855680968, 1855680963

Mapping of COs with PSOs

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO 1	3	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı
CO 2	2	1		2	-	1
CO 3	2	2	-	2	-	1
CO 4	2	2	-	1	-	-
CO 5	-	-	-	2	1	1

Assessment Rubrics:

Evalu	Evaluation Type				
End S	End Semester Evaluation				
Contin	Continuous Evaluation				
a)	Test Paper- 1	10			
b)	Field Report (IV)	20			
	OR				
a)	Test Paper- 1	10			

Correlation Levels:

Total		100
c)	Seminar/ Assignment	5
b)	Case Study	15

Level	Correlation
-	Nil
1	Slightly / Low
2	Moderate / Medium
3	Substantial / High

SEMESTER 1	KU1DSCAAM103	FRONT OFFICE MANAGEMENT

Program	BBA(AAM)				
Course Code	KU1DSCAAM103				
Course Title	FRONT OFFICE MANAGEMENT				
Type of Course	Minor C1				
Semester	1				
Academic Level	100 – 199				
Course Details	Credit	Lecture	Tutorial	Practical	Total Hours
		per week	per week	per week	
	4	4	-	-	60
Pre-requisites					
Course Summary	Students will be equipped with the knowledge, skills, and attitudes				
	necessary to effectively manage front office operations and contribute				
	to the success of hospitality establishments in providing exceptional				
	guest experiences.				

Course Outcomes (CO):

СО	CO Statement	Cognitive Level*	Knowledge Category#	Evaluation Tools used
CO1	Understand the various types of hotels and their features.	U	С	Quiz/ Practical
CO2	Explain the structure of the Front Office Department.	U	Р	Assignment /Observation of
CO3	Handle Reservation activities.	Ap	P	Practical Skills/
CO4	Deal effectively with Guests & Colleagues.	Ap	P	Seminar
CO5	Maintain Personal Care & Safety at accommodations.	Ap	Р	Presentation / Technology- based assessment

^{* -} Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (Ap), Analyze (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)

DETAILED SYLLABUS:

^{# -} Factual Knowledge(F) Conceptual Knowledge (C) Procedural Knowledge (P) Metacognitive Knowledge (M)

Module	Unit	Content		
I		Structure of Front Office Department		
	1.	Functional Organization of Front office- Front Desk Layout and Equipment		
	2.	Accommodation Concept: Types of Hotels-Front office functions- Personnels.		
	3.	Reservation Activities: Processing of reservation request, Systems & Tools used		
	4.	On Arrival Procedures: Receiving, Greeting, Welcoming A Guest, Assessing Guest Requirements, Registration & Rooming Procedure, Room Change		
	5.	Important Concepts: Over Booking, Scanty Baggage, Room Position, Cancellation, Amendment, Walk-in Guest, walking a Guest, Blacklisted Guest.		
II	Handling Guest			
	6.	Attend to guest queries: Handling Guest Requests		
	7.	Message Handling Procedure: Importance, Procedure, Method of Receiving and Transmitting Messages for Guest, Location Form, Paging Procedure		
	8.	Checkout & Settlement: Procedures at Reception, Cash Section, Bell Desk		
	9.	Reduction of Late Charges: Effective Billing & Collection.		
III		Standard Operating Procedures (SOP) -Check-In & Check-Out		
	10.	Check-In & Check-Out Process: Front office Communication, Importance of inter- departmental Communication, Types & Methods of Communication		
	11.	Handling of Special Situations: DNS, DNA, RNA, NI (No information, Scanty Baggage Guest, Refusing Accommodation, Blacklisted Guest, Walking A Guest)		
	12.	Assist guest in check-in and checkout process: – 'Express Check-Out' & 'Self-Check-Out'		
	13.	Handling guest complaints- Standard Operating Procedures (SOP)		
	14.	Staff Organization, Duty Rotas & Work Schedule.		
IV		Front Office Supervisory Skills:		
	15.	Front Office Supervisory Skills: Communicating with Guests, Handling Guest Requests		
	16.	Importance of Handling Mail without Delay, Sorting of Mail		
	17.	Manual Key Control Procedure, Left Luggage Procedures, Handling of Special Situations Like – VIP / Spat / DG Guests FIT, VIP, Group, Foreigner.		
	18.	Hotel / Front Office Security System: Methods, Equipment Used, Card Key Control,		
		Emergency Procedures, Management's Role in Security		
	19.	Front office Systems: Non-Automated, Semi-Automated, Fully- Automated		
V		Teacher Specific Content (12 Hrs)		

Note: Compulsory Learning Activity

1. Case studies of travel companies having the best customer service should be given to achieve CO3 and CO4.

References:

- Negi, J., & Manoher, G. (2009). Hospitality Management. Laxmi Publications Ltd.
- Zulfikar, Mohammed. (2009) Introduction to Tourism and Hotel Industry: With Special Focus on Front Office Management. New Delhi, Vikas Publishing House

- Bhakta, A. (2012). *Professional Hotel Front Office Management*. Tata McGraw Hill Education Private Limited.
- Andrews, S. (2013). *Hotel front office: A training manual*. Tata McGraw-Hill Education.
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- Baker, Sue (2011). *Principles of Hotel Front Office Operations*. Hampshire, Cengage Learning
- Bardi, James A. (2011) Hotel Front Office Management. Hoboken, N.J., John Wiley & Sons,
- Dr. B.K. Chakravarti. (2010) Hotel Front Office Training Manual.
- Foster, Dennis L. (1992) Rooms at the Inn. Simon & Schuster Books for Young Readers,
- Zulfikar, Mohammed. (2009) Introduction to Tourism and Hotel Industry: With Special Focus on Front Office Management. New Delhi, Vikas Publishing House

Mapping of COs with PSOs

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO 1	1	-	-	-	-	-
CO 2	1	1	-	-	-	1
CO 3	2	2	2	_	-	1
CO 4	1	2	2	_	-	2
CO 5	1	1	-	-	-	2

Assessment Rubrics:

Evalu	ation Type	Marks	
	emester Evaluation	70	
Contir	nuous Evaluation	30	
a)	Test Paper- 1	10	
b)	Case study	15	
c)	Seminar	5	
Total		100	

Correlation Levels:

Level	Correlation
-	Nil
1	Slightly / Low
2	Moderate / Medium
3	Substantial / High

SEMESTER 1 KU1MDCAAM	BASICS OF FOOD PRODUCTION
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Program	BBA(AAM)				
Course Code	KU1MDCAAM1	KU1MDCAAM101			
Course Title	BASICS OF FOC	DD PRODUC	TION		
Type of Course	MDC-1				
Semester	1				
Academic Level	100 – 199				
Course Details	Credit	Lecture	Tutorial	Practical	Total
		per week	per week	per week	Hours
	3	3			45
Pre-requisites	Basic Knowledge about Hotel organization				
Course Summary	This course prepare production	res the studer	nt to understar	nd the basic the	eory of food

Course Outcomes (CO):

CO	CO Statement	Cognitive	K.	Evaluation Tools used
		Level*	Cat.	
CO1	Understand the fundamental principles of	U	F	Instructor-created
	food production.			exams / Quiz
CO2	Gain knowledge of various cooking methods and techniques	An	С	Practical Assignment / Observation of Practical Skills
CO3	Learn about kitchen organization, equipment, and safety practices.	An	P	Instructor-created exams / Home Assignments
CO4	Develop skills in menu planning, food costing, and presentation	An	M	Instructor-created exams / Quiz

^{* -} Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (Ap), Analyze (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)

DETAILED SYLLABUS:

Module	Unit	Unit Content Content		
		Introduction to Food Production		
	1	1 Overview of the food production industry- History and evolution of cooking(brief)		
	2	Basic culinary terms and definitions		
		The role of chef and kitchen hierarchy: Kitchen layout and workflow- Food safety		
I	3	and hygiene practices- Hierarchy area of department and kitchen-types of kitchens.		
]	Layout of Receiving Areas. Lay out of storage Area. Lay out of service and wash-		
		up, Kitchen Stewarding- safety protocols and emergency procedures		
	4	Kitchen Equipment and Cooking Fuels —Sources of Energy –Rules for Reheating		
	4	of food/ réchauffé cooking- Waste management and sustainability practices		
II		Cooking Methods and Techniques		
11	5	Food constituents -Methods of cooking food		

^{# -} Factual Knowledge(F) Conceptual Knowledge (C) Procedural Knowledge (P) Metacognitive Knowledge (M)

		Dry-heat cooking methods (e.g., roasting, baking, grilling), Moist-heat cooking
	6	methods (e.g., boiling, steaming, poaching), Combination cooking methods (e.g.,
		braising, stewing)
		Basic preparation techniques (e.g., chopping, slicing, dicing)- Foundation
	7	Ingredients-Fats& oils—Salt—Raising Agents-Liquids- Flavorings and
	,	seasonings – Sweetening – Thickenings- Principles of seasoning and flavoring
		Stocks -Definition, components, Types, and uses of stock—Sauces-importance of
	8	sauces-thickening agent used in sauces, Classification of sauces.
		Soups—types of soup- preparation of soup- garnishing for soup. Accompaniment
	9	and garnishes
		Cooking Materials
	10	Herbs: Uses and Varieties of Herbs- Preserving Fresh Herbs
III	10	Spices: uses and Varieties -Uses of Spices. Condiments: Uses and Varieties of
	11	Condiments
	12	Salads — types of salad — salad dressing
	12	Processing of Milk-Pasteurization— Homogenization-Types of Milk. Yoghurts—
		Varieties of Yoghurts-Creams-Types of Cream- Storage of Cream.
	13	Cheese: Types of Cheese-Basics of Cheese Making- Storage of Cheese.
	14	Butter-IntroductionTypes of Butter.
	15	Beverages— classification Alcoholic Beverages- Non-Alcoholic Beverages
	10	Menu Planning, Food Costing, and Presentation
		Principles of menu planning and design
IV	16	Nutritional considerations in menu planning
1 4	17	Basic plating and presentation techniques (Practical)
	18	Trends in food presentation and gastronomy (Practical)
V	10	Teacher Specific Content (12 Hrs)
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Compulsory Learning Activity: Visit to Professional Food Production Institutes and reporting (Based on Unit IV) to achieve COs 2, 3, and 4.

References

Labensky, S. R., Hause, A. M., & Martel, P. A. (2014). On Cooking: A Textbook of Culinary Fundamentals. Pearson.

Escoffier, A. (2011). The Escoffier Cookbook: A Guide to the Fine Art of Cookery. Crown Publishing.

McGee, H. (2004). On Food and Cooking: The Science and Lore of the Kitchen. Scribner. Gisslen, W. (2018). Professional Cooking. Wiley.

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Allen, M., & Albala, K. (2011). The Business of Food: Encyclopedia of the Food and Drink Industries. ABC-CLIO.

National Restaurant Association. (2017). ServSafe Manager. NRA.

Cousins, J., Lillicrap, D., & Weekes, S. (2014). Food and Beverage Service. Hodder Education.

Mapping of COs with PSOs

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO 1	2	-	-	-	-	-
CO 2	2	1	-	-	-	1
CO 3	2	_	_	2	-	-
CO 4	2	-	-	3	-	-

Assessment Rubrics:

Evaluati	Marks		
End Semester Evaluation		50	
Continuous Evaluation		25	
a)	Field Report	15	
b)	Practicum (Module 4)	10	
Practicur	Practicum must be conducted by the teacher at		
the end of the semester.			
Total		75	

Correlation Levels:

Level	Correlation
-	Nil
1	Slightly / Low
2	Moderate / Medium
3	Substantial / High

SEMESTER 2

SEMESTER 2	KU2DSCAAM104	AIRLINE INDUSTRY

Programme	BBA(AAM)				
Course Code	KU2DSCAAM104				
Course Title	Airline Industry				
Type of Course	DSC-A2				
Semester	II				
Academic Level	100 – 199				
Course Details	Credit	Lecture	Tutorial	Practical	Total Hours
		per week	per week	per week	
	4	4			60
Pre-requisites		1	ı	1	

Course Summary	This course is expected to deliver an understanding of airline operations and
	airport management. Students will be able to obtain the basic knowledge of
	airline operations and management; understand both the technical side and
	business side of airline industry.

CO	CO Statement	Cognitive Level*	Knowledge Category#	Evaluation Tools used
CO1	To get an understanding of air transport and its management	U	C	Quiz/ Practical Assignment
CO2	Understand the significance of airport handling procedures and protocols.	U	Р	/Observation of Practical Skills/
CO3	Understand with airport and airline operations	An	P	Seminar
CO4	Understanding various rules, regulations, and procedures of airport handling and airline Management.	A	Р	Presentation / Technology- based assessment

DETAILED SYLLABUS:

Module	Unit	Content								
I		Introduction to Airport								
	1	IATA areas, sub areas, sub regions. Time calculation- Aviation Organizations:								
		IATA and ICAO								
	2	GMT variation, concept of DST- Time Difference Calculation- Calculation of								
		elapsed flying time								
	3	Types of airlines-Low-Cost Carriers-Classes of Service and aircraft								
		configuration.								
	4	Aircrafts and aircraft manufacturers-Types of Aircrafts-								
II		Airports								
	5	Concept of Airport – Airport and Air transport – Structure of the Airport – The								
		Airside – Major Airports – Classification of Airport – Modern Airports – Airport								
		standards and certification – Traditional Airport ownership and management –								
		Moves towards commercialization								
	6	Privatization – Types of Privatizations								
	7	Airport Operators and Investors								
III		Airlines Management								
	8	-2 letter Codes of Airlines -3letter city codes of major airports.								

^{* -} Remember I, understand (U), Apply (Ap), Analyse (An), Evaluate I, Create I # - Factual Knowledge(F) Conceptual Knowledge I Procedural Knowledge (P) Metacognitive Knowledge (M)

		Types of journeys (OW, CT, RT, OJ, RTW)-\
		Types of fare: Normal Fare - Special Fares - Discounted Fares- ticket validity-refund-cancellation
	9	E-tickets & its advantages-international Sale Indicators – Global Indicators-
	10	Types of fare-ticket validity-refund-cancellation Baggage and Excess baggage – Checked and unchecked baggage piece and weight concept – pooling of baggage
	11	carry-on items – carriage of live animals – classification of dangerous goods-
	12	hub and spoke systems – Code sharing- Frequent Flyer programmes(FFPs)
	13	Emergency equipment for disembarkation -Minimum connecting time -
		insurance coverage-types of insurance for travel-
IV		Ground Handling
IV	14	Ground Handling - Importance of ground operations in Airport – Overview of ground handling –
IV	14	
IV	14	 Importance of ground operations in Airport – Overview of ground handling – Passenger handling – Ramp Handling – Aircraft ramp servicing – Fault servicing Fueling – Wheels and Tires – Ground power supply – Dicing and washing –
IV		 Importance of ground operations in Airport – Overview of ground handling – Passenger handling – Ramp Handling – Aircraft ramp servicing – Fault servicing – Fueling – Wheels and Tires – Ground power supply – Dicing and washing – cooling and heating Airport Terminals- Airport facilities- formalities for arriving, transiting, and departing passengers- Passengers requiring special handling- Passengers' In-
IV	15	 Importance of ground operations in Airport – Overview of ground handling – Passenger handling – Ramp Handling – Aircraft ramp servicing – Fault servicing – Fueling – Wheels and Tires – Ground power supply – Dicing and washing – cooling and heating Airport Terminals- Airport facilities- formalities for arriving, transiting, and departing passengers- Passengers requiring special handling- Passengers' Inflight services
IV		 Importance of ground operations in Airport – Overview of ground handling – Passenger handling – Ramp Handling – Aircraft ramp servicing – Fault servicing – Fueling – Wheels and Tires – Ground power supply – Dicing and washing – cooling and heating Airport Terminals- Airport facilities- formalities for arriving, transiting, and departing passengers- Passengers requiring special handling- Passengers' Inflight services On board servicing – ramp layout – departure control – division of ground
IV	15	 Importance of ground operations in Airport – Overview of ground handling – Passenger handling – Ramp Handling – Aircraft ramp servicing – Fault servicing – Fueling – Wheels and Tires – Ground power supply – Dicing and washing – cooling and heating Airport Terminals- Airport facilities- formalities for arriving, transiting, and departing passengers- Passengers requiring special handling- Passengers' Inflight services On board servicing – ramp layout – departure control – division of ground handling responsibilities- control of ground handling efficiency – cabin service
IV	15	 Importance of ground operations in Airport – Overview of ground handling – Passenger handling – Ramp Handling – Aircraft ramp servicing – Fault servicing – Fueling – Wheels and Tires – Ground power supply – Dicing and washing – cooling and heating Airport Terminals- Airport facilities- formalities for arriving, transiting, and departing passengers- Passengers requiring special handling- Passengers' Inflight services On board servicing – ramp layout – departure control – division of ground handling responsibilities- control of ground handling efficiency – cabin service – catering – field operation service
IV	15	 Importance of ground operations in Airport – Overview of ground handling – Passenger handling – Ramp Handling – Aircraft ramp servicing – Fault servicing – Fueling – Wheels and Tires – Ground power supply – Dicing and washing – cooling and heating Airport Terminals- Airport facilities- formalities for arriving, transiting, and departing passengers- Passengers requiring special handling- Passengers' Inflight services On board servicing – ramp layout – departure control – division of ground handling responsibilities- control of ground handling efficiency – cabin service

References

- Ashford, N. J. (2013). Airport operations. Mcgraw-Hill Companies, Inc.
- Dileep, M. R., & Kurien, A. (2021). Air Transport and Tourism. Routledge.
- Budd, L., & Ison, S. (2017). *Air Transport Management: An International Perspective*. Routledge, Taylor & Francis Group.
- GrAAMam, A. (2014). Managing Airports: An International Perspective. Routledge. Ashford, N. J. (2013). *Airport Operations*. McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc.

Mapping of COs with PSOs

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO 1	1	-	-	-	-	_
CO 2	1	-	-	-	-	_
CO 3	2	-	-	-	_	-
CO 4	2	-	-	-	-	-

Assessment Rubrics: Correlation Levels:

E	valuation Type	Marks
End Sem	nester Evaluation	70
Continuo	us Evaluation	30
a)	Test Paper- 1	10
c)	Assignment	10
d)	Case study	10
	Total	100

SEMESTER 2	KU2DSCAAM105	CULTUI	RAL HERITA	AGE AND HO	SPITALITY				
Programme	BBA(AAM)	BBA(AAM)							
Course Code	KU2DSCAAM105	KU2DSCAAM105							
Course Title	CULTURAL HER	ITAGE AN	D HOSPITA	LITY					
Type of Course	Minor B2								
Semester	2								
Academic Level	100 – 199	100 – 199							
Course Details	Credit	Lecture	Tutorial	Practical	Total				
		per week	per week	per week	Hours				
	4	4			60				
Pre-requisites									
Course Summary	This course will introduce students to the rich and diverse cultural heritage of India, and they will learn about the various aspects of Indian culture, such as its languages, religions, art, architecture, music,								
	dance, cuisine, and customs. It would also explore the history, geography, and diversity of India, and how its culture has been shaped by various internal and external influences over the millennia.								
	Students will also preserving and proworld.		_						

Course Outcomes (CO):

CO	CO Statement	Cognit	K.	Evaluation Tools used
		ive Level*	Cat.	
CO1	Introduce the students to the diversity and	U	F	Instructor-created
	richness of Indian culture and heritage.			exams / Quiz
CO2	Explore the various aspects of Indian culture and	An	С	Practical Assignment
	heritage, such as art, literature, philosophy,			/ Observation of
	religion, architecture, music, dance, and theatre.			Practical Skills
CO3	Recognize and analyze the historical and	An	P	Instructor-created
	contemporary influences on Indian culture and			exams / Home
	heritage			Assignments

CO4	Develop a critical and analytical understanding of the contemporary issues and challenges faced by Indian culture and heritage.	An	M	Instructor-created exams / Quiz				
* - Re	* - Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (Ap), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)							
# - Fa	# - Factual Knowledge(F) Conceptual Knowledge (C) Procedural Knowledge (P) Metacognitive							
Know	ledge (M)							

DETAILED SYLLABUS:

Module	Unit	Content
		Introduction to Indian culture and heritage
	1	Definition and concept of culture and heritage
	2	Features and characteristics of Indian culture and heritage, Unity, and diversity in India
I	3	Relationship between tourism and cultural heritage
	4	Society in India through ages- ancient period- Varna and Jati, family and marriage in
	4	India, caste system, Position of women in Ancient India
	5	Very Brief introduction to the History of India (Ancient, Medieval and Modern period)
		Art and literature of India
	6	Development and evolution of Indian art (Brief)
II		Major forms and styles of Indian art: Sculpture: Gandhara School and Mathura School
	7	of Art, Dance, Music, customs, Folk dance and music (popular forms only), Handicraft
		etc.
	8	Indian Cuisine and its regional variations- Indian cuisines and hotel industry-regional
	0	variations- gastronomy and tourism
		Philosophy and religion of India
	9	Major schools and systems of Indian philosophy and religion, Concepts and doctrines
III		of Indian philosophy and religion
	10	Religions of India, Hinduism, Buddhism, Jainism, Sikhism, Islam, Christianity
	11	Pilgrimage destinations of important religions and faiths, Important Religious Festivals
		Architecture of India
	12	Features and elements of Indian architecture
		Types of Indian architecture, Hindu Temple Architecture, Buddhist Architecture,
IV	13	Medieval Architecture, Colonial Architecture etc Important tourism monuments of
11		these styles.
	14	Impact of globalization and modernization on Indian culture and heritage
	15	Threats and risks to Indian culture and heritage
	16	Preservation and promotion of Indian culture and heritage
V		Teacher Specific Content (12 Hrs)

Note: Compulsory Learning activity:

1. Field Trip to a local heritage destination and reporting (Preferably Excursion)

References

- Upinder Singh, A History of Ancient and Early Medieval India: From the Stone Age to the 12th Century, Pearson
- Harle, J.C. (1994). The Art and Architecture of the Indian Subcontinent. Pelican History of Art (2nd ed.). Yale University Press.
- Michell, George, (1977) The Hindu Temple: An Introduction to its Meaning and Forms, 1977, University of Chicago Press
- Michell, George (1990), The Penguin Guide to the Monuments of India, Volume 1: Buddhist, Jain, Hindu, 1990, Penguin Books
- Nilsson, Sten (1968). European Architecture in India 1750–1850. London: Faber and Faber.
- Rowland, Benjamin, The Art, and Architecture of India: Buddhist, Hindu, Jain, 1967 (3rd edn.), Pelican History of Art, Penguin
- Satish Chandra, Medieval India: From Sultanat to the Mughals- Mughal Empire, -
- RS Sharma, India's Ancient Past
- Neeraj Agarwal, Tourism and Cultural Heritage of India
- SP Gupta and Lal Krishna, Cultural tourism in India Museums, Monuments and Art

Mapping of COs with PSOs

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO 1	2	-	-	-	-	-
CO 2	2	1	-	-	-	1
CO 3	2	_	_	2	_	-
CO 4	2	-	-	3	-	-

Assessment Rubrics:

E	Marks			
End Sen	70			
Continuo	Continuous Evaluation			
a)	Test Paper- 1	10		
b)	b) Field Trip Report			
Total		100		

Correlation Levels:

Level	Correlation
-	Nil
1	Slightly / Low
2	Moderate / Medium
3	Substantial / High

SEMESTER 2 KU2DSCAAM106 FOOD AND BEVERAGE SERVIC
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Programme	BBA(AAM)
Course Code	KU2DSCAAM106
Course Title	Food and Beverage Service
Type of Course	Minor-C2
Semester	2

Academic Level	100 - 199				
Course Details	Credit	Lecture per week	Tutorial per week	Practical per week	Total Hours
	4	4			60
Pre-requisites	Basic knowledge of Hotel Operations				
Course Summary	This course provides students with the knowledge and skills necessary to excel in the food and beverage service sector of the hospitality and tourism industry. Topics covered include service techniques, customer relations, menu knowledge, and professionalism in the restaurants.				

Course Outcomes (CO):

CO	CO Statement	Cognitive Level*	Knowledg e	Evaluation Tools used
			Category#	
CO1	Understand the importance of food and	U	С	Instructor-created
	beverage service and its various concepts			exams / Quiz
CO2	Develop skills in various food and	Ap	P	Practical Assignment
	beverage service techniques			/ Observation of
				Practical Skills
CO3	Understand and prepare different types of	Ap	P	Seminar Presentation
	menus and their importance in food service.			/ Group Tutorial Work
CO4	Demonstrate the ability of a Food and	Ap	P	Instructor-created
	Beverage Service Personnel			exams / Home
				Assignments
CO5	Learn and practice professionalism and	Ap	P	Viva Voce
	teamwork in the service Industry.			

^{* -} Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (Ap), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)

DETAILED SYLLABUS:

Module	Unit	Content	
I	Introduction to food and beverage service		
	1	Evolution of the Food Service industry - Sarai, Dharamshala, Dak Bungalow, Inn,	
		Tavern, and Chalets	
	2	Types of restaurants and their characteristics	
	3 Sectors of Food Service Industry - (Primary and Secondary Sectors, Commercial		
	and Welfare Sectors)		
	4	Case study on one of Welfare Sectors of Food Service	
	5	Current trends and innovations in the food service industry.	
II	Food and beverage service organization		
	6	Organizational Hierarchy of Food and Beverage Service Department	
	7	Duties and Responsibilities of Food and Beverage Service Personnel.	
	8	Qualities and Attributes required for Food Service Personnel	

^{# -} Factual Knowledge(F) Conceptual Knowledge (C) Procedural Knowledge (P) Metacognitive Knowledge (M)

	9	Inter-departmental relationships – front office, housekeeping, food production and			
	other allied departments.				
III	Food service operations				
	10	Styles of food service – Waiter service, Self-service, Assisted Service.			
	11	1 Introduction to Menu - History and origin.			
	12	Types of menus - À la carte, Table d'hôte, Banquet menu, Cyclic menu, Carte du			
		jour, plat du jour.			
	13	Introduction to Menu Planning			
	14	Points to be considered while planning menu.			
IV	A to z of restaurant operations.				
	15	Mise-en-scene and Mise-en-place.			
	16	Briefing and debriefing, Key Terms related to Operation			
	17	Cover Layout and setting up of restaurant.			
	18	Service sequence - Taking guest reservations, receiving, and seating of guests,			
		order taking and recording, passing orders to the kitchen, sequence of service,			
		presentation and en-cashing the bill, presenting, collecting guest comment cards			
		and bidding farewell to guests. Closing the restaurant.			
	19	Customer feedback and complaints handling, telephone manners, dining, and			
		service etiquettes			
V		Teacher Specific Content (12 Hrs)			

Compulsory Learning Activity:

- 1. Visit to a hotel/restaurant to understand Food and Beverage Service Operations
- 2. Hands-on training in tasks and procedures, supervised practice in guest service
- 3. Practical Sessions on Unit IV Content

References:

- Food and Beverage Service, R. Singravelavan, Oxford University Press
- Food and beverage Service: Dennis R. Lillicrap, John A Cousins
- Food and Beverage Services: A Training Manual: Sudhir Andrews, Tata Mc Graw-Hi

Mapping of COs with PSOs

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO 1	1	-	-	ı	-	-
CO 2	2	1	2	-	-	2
CO 3	2	2	1	-	-	2
CO 4	1	2	2	ı	1	2
CO 5	1	2	2	_	-	2

Assessment Rubrics:

]	Marks		
End Semester Evaluation		70	
Continuo	Continuous Evaluation		
a)	a) Field Visit Report		
b)	15		
Total		100	

Correlation Levels:

Level	Correlation
-	Nil
1	Slightly / Low
2	Moderate / Medium
3	Substantial / High

SEMESTER 2	KU2MDCAAM102	SPECIAL INTEREST TOURISM
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Program	BBA(AAM)						
Course Code	KU2MDCAAM102						
Course Title	Special Interest To	ourism					
Type of Course	MDC-2						
Semester	2						
Academic Level	100 – 199						
Course Details	Credit	Lecture	Tutorial	Practical	Total Hours		
		per week	per week	per week			
	3	3			45		
Pre-requisites	No prerequisites r	needed for th	e course				
Course Summary	The Special Inter-	est Tourism	course prep	ares students	to specialize in niche		
	tourism markets b	y providing	them with th	ne knowledge	and skills to develop,		
	manage, and marl	ket unique to	ourism expe	riences. Empl	hasizing sustainability		
	and ethical considerations, this course equips students to contribute positively						
	to the tourism industry and the communities it serves through the development						
	and promotion of	special inter	est tours/ pa	ckages.			

Course Outcomes (COs):

CO	CO Statement	Cognitive	Knowledge	Evaluation Tools
		Level*	Category#	used
CO1	Identify the diversity of special interest tourism products and their relationship with tourist demand	R	С	Quiz/ Practical Assignment /Observation of
CO2	Analyse the relationship between special interest tourism and mass tourism	U	P	Practical Skills/ Seminar
CO3	Describe issues associated with the development and use of natural and cultural resources ion the development of special interest tourism products;	E	Р	Presentation / Technology- based assessment
CO4	Demonstrate a range of key skills that are required to evaluate contemporary trends in special interest tourism including: Communication and literacy; Problem Solving; Independent working and learning	An	Р	

* - Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (Ap), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C) # - Factual Knowledge(F) Conceptual Knowledge (C) Procedural Knowledge (P) Metacognitive Knowledge (M)

DETAILED SYLLABUS:

Module	Unit	Content			
I		Eco Tourism			
	1.	Eco Tourism: Concept and Definition-Components and principles of Ecotourism			
		Conservation			
	2.	Ecotourism and Community: Benefits and costs, Eco-tourism destinations in India			
	3.	National parks and wildlife sanctuaries, biosphere reserves-protected areas-Islands			
		and beaches			
II		Health tourism			
	4.	Health tourism: Ayurveda, Ayurveda treatments, thri-doshas, panchakarma-Role of			
		Ayurveda in Tourism			
	5.	Medical Tourism-Origin-present status of India, Keralalinkages medical			
		tourism value chain			
	6.	Medical tourism process- medical tourism facilitators- Medical tourism indicators			
III		Emerging products			
	7. Emerging products: Sustainable tourism- Rural tourism, responsible tourism				
		Gastronomy, Golf, cruise, wine & dark tourism, wedding tourism, MICE, Wine			
		tourism, Camping, Pilgrimage tourism, Film Tourism, Literary Tourism, Volunteer			
		tourism, Doom tourism, Dark tourism, Revenge Tourism, Experiential tourism			
	8.	Commercial attractions - Amusement Parks - Gaming - Shopping			
-	9.	Live Entertainments - House boats -tree houses- cave room-, desert camps			
	10.	Tourism circuits: Inter State and Intra-State Circuits - Religious Circuits -			
		Heritage Circuits - Wildlife Circuits			
	11.	Voluntary tourism-doom tourism, pro-poor tourism			
IV		Orientation			
	12.	Adventure Tourism – classification of adventure tourism – land based –water based –aero based			
	13.	winter sports -mountaineering - Trekking, rock climbing, ballooning			
		– camel treks and desert safaris – white water rafting – motor rallies			
V	1 T	Teacher Specific Content (12 Hrs.)			

Compulsory Learning Activity:

1. Field Visit to a Special Interest Tourism Destination in Kerala (Max. 2 days)

References:

1. India Tourism Products: Robinet Jacob, Sindhu Joseph, MAAMadevan P (2012)

- 2. Ecotourism: Impacts Potentials, and Possibilities-Stephen Wearing and John Neil.
- 3. Tourism in the Himalaya in the context of Darjeeling and Sikkim B. Bhattacharya..
- 4. S.P. Gupta (2002), Cultural Tourism in India, Indraprastha Museum of Art, and Archaeology, New Delhi.
- 5. Stephen Ball (2007), Encyclopedia of Tourism Resources in India/H.
- 6. Manoj Dixit (2002), Tourism products, New Royal Book Co. Lucknow.
- 7. Norman Douglas. Ed. (2001), Special Interest Tourism, John Wiley & Sons, Australia.
- 8.. Sarina Singh (2008), Lonely Planet India.

Assessment Rubrics:

E	Marks				
End Sen	50				
Continuo	Continuous Evaluation				
a)	Test Paper- 1	10			
b)	Field Visit Report	15			
	Total				

Correlation Levels:

Level	Correlation
-	Nil
1	Slightly / Low
2	Moderate / Medium
3	Substantial / High

SEMESTER 3

SEMESTER 3	KU3DSCAAM201	TOURISM PRODUCTS AND RESOURCES

Programme	BBA (AAM)						
Course Code	KU3DSCAAM201						
Course Title	TOURISM PRODUCTS AND RESOURCES						
Type of Course	DSC-A3						
Semester	3						
Academic Level	200–299						
Course Details	Credit	Lecture per	Tutorial	Practical	Total Hours		
		week	per week	per week			
	4	4			60		
Pre-requisites				<u> </u>			
Course Summary	To educate pupils about the various tourism and resource products available in India.						

Course Outcomes (CO):

CO	CO Statement	Cognitive	Knowledge	Evaluation Tools
		Level*	Category#	used
CO1	Understanding of the concept of tourism	U	С	
	products and features.			
CO2	Illustrate various natural tourism resources of the country.	An	P	Quiz/ Practical Assignment
СОЗ	Highlight the socio-cultural tourism resources of the country.	Е	P	/Observation of Practical Skills/
CO4	Examine the importance of different types	Е	P	Seminar
	of transportation.			Presentation /
CO5	Familiarize with Major tourist destinations	Ap	P	Technology-based
	of India and formulate packages			assessment

* - Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (Ap), Analyze (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C) # - Factual Knowledge(F) Conceptual Knowledge (C) Procedural Knowledge (P) Metacognitive Knowledge (M)

DETAILED SYLLABUS:

Module	Unit	Content					
I	Physical and Geographic Features of India						
	1	Tourism products: features, types- Natural and Man-made resources: Tourism Products of India					
	2	Physical and geographic features of India: Himalayas and other hill stations, National Parks and Wildlife sanctuaries (in brief)					
	3	Physical and geographic features of India: Mountains, islands, coastal areas, deserts					
	4 Physical and geographic features of India: Major rivers, lakes, plateaus, mountabackwaters, Mangroves						
	5 climate and seasons						
	6	Heritage attractions- Indigenous; Colonial, Handicrafts of India; Fairs and Festivals of Social & Religious importance- Adventure Tourism: Types and destinations.					
II	Tourism Resources of India						
	7	Indian Music and Dance - Different Schools, Prominent Indian Museums, Art Galleries-Indian cuisine- Costumes					
	8	Historical monuments of India – Ancient temples, caves, stupas, monasteries, forts, palaces					
	9	Islamic and colonial art and architecture, major architectural styles					
	10	Major religious places connected with Hinduism, Buddhism, Jainism, Sikhism, Islamism, Christianity, Zoroastrianism and BAAMai Faith (in brief).					

III		Major Tourism Products-Kerala					
	Physiography of Kerala- Kerala tourism statistics- Analysis of tourism policies of Kerala(brief)- Department of tourism- KTDC, DTPCs.						
	12 Major tourism projects-Literary tourism, Farm Tourism-Spice Tourism, Housel Backwaters, Storytelling, Muziris Project.						
	13	Ecotourism destinations- Responsible tourism destinations- Kerala Cuisine, Tourism Festivals-Craft Villages of Kerala					
	14	Major natural and cultural tourism products of Kerala- Monuments with Architectural importance					

	Major tourism routes: Kochi, Munnar, Alappuzha, Thekkady, Kovalam, Kumarakom, Wayanad, Bekal, Wayanad,
	16 Major tourism destinations in Kerala (district-wise)
IV	Major Tourist Destinations of India
	17 Agra, Delhi, Jaipur, Mumbai, Kolkata
	Darjeeling, Mysore, Ladakh, Gangtok, Goa, Manali, Ooty, Shimla
	19 Jaipur, Udaipur, Jaisalmer, Amritsar, Mussoorie, Nainital, Hyderabad
	20 Srinagar, AAMmedabad, Chandigarh, Hampi, Aurangabad, Madurai, Rameshwaram
	21 Chennai, Bengaluru, Kanyakumari, Vizag, Rishikesh
	22 Gwalior, Varanasi, MAAMabalipuram, Andaman, Lakshadweep.
V	Teacher Specific Content (12 Hrs)

Compulsory Learning Activities

- 1. A case study on a chosen travel destination in India or Kerala, analyzing its geographical features, cultural aspects, and tourism development
- 2. Case studies on how natural features attract tourists

References

- Robinet Jacob, MAAMadevan P, Sindhu Joseph (2012). Indian Tourism Products. Abhijeet Publications, New Delhi
- Dixit, M., & Charu Sheela. (2008). Tourism Products.
- Manohar Sajnani. (2001) Encyclopaedia of Tourism Resources in India. Gyan Publishing House,
- Rittichainuwat, Bongkosh N. (2018) *Special Interest Tourism*. Newcastle Upon Tyne, Cambridge Scholars Publishing.

Mapping of COs with PSOs

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO 1	2	1	-	-	-	2
CO 2	1	-	-	-	-	1
CO 3	2	-	1	-	1	1
CO 4	2	ı	ı	2	1	1
CO 5	2	1	-	-	2	3

Assessment Rubrics:

E	Evaluation Type Marks		
End Sen	nester Evaluation	70	
Continuo	us Evaluation	30	
a)	Test Paper- 1	10	
b)	Assignment	5	
c)	Case Study	15	
Total 100			

Correlation Levels:

Level	Correlation	
-	Nil	
1	Slightly / Low	
2	Moderate / Medium	
3	Substantial / High	

SEMESTER 3	KU3DSCAAM202	TOUR DESIGNING

Programme	BBA (AA	BBA (AAM)			
Course Code	KU3DSCAAM202				
Course Title	TOUR DE	TOUR DESIGNING			
Type of Course	DSC-A4				
Semester	3				
Academic Level	200–299				
Course Details	Credit	Lecture per week	Tutorial per week	Practical per week	Total Hours
	4	4		-	60
Pre-requisites	Pre-requisites				
Course Summary	itinerary for creatin	This course aims to equip students with the skills of creating an itinerary for the tour package. It focuses on various components for creating a tour package and thereby it enables the students to create tour packages of different requirements.			

Course Outcomes (CO):

CO	CO Statement	Cognitive	Knowledge	Evaluation
		Level*	Category#	Tools used
CO1	Understand the concept of tour operation	U	С	Quiz/ Practical
CO2	Examine various information resources		P	Assignment
	required for drawing itineraries and make	A		/Observation of
	use of the resources in more effective ways			Practical Skills/
CO3	Demonstrate the ability plan and cost the	Δ	P	Seminar
	tour	Ap		Presentation /
CO4	Prepare itineraries and execute package and		P	Technology-
	independent tours	A		based assessment

^{* -} Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (Ap), Analyze (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)

^{# -} Factual Knowledge (F) Conceptual Knowledge (C) Procedural Knowledge (P) Metacognitive Knowledge (M)

Module	Unit	Content	
I		Introduction to Travel/Tour Business	
	1	Travel agency/tour company - Organization Structure- Types of travel agencies, functions of travel agency	
2 Introduction to To		Introduction to Tour Operation Business: History of tour operation - Types of Tour Operators, Functions	
	3	Procedures for setting up a travel agency/tour business -Approvals required- Source of revenue	
	4	Types of tours, FIT & GIT-Income of a tour company-	
	5	Important tour companies (world and India)	
6 Different departments and activities in Travel / Tour of Agency- Case study of AirBnB.		Different departments and activities in Travel / Tour companies- Online Travel Agency- Case study of AirBnB.	
II		Travel Itinerary	
		Travel itinerary- meaning and concept, significance of itinerary, types of travel itinerary (itinerary for tourists, tour manager, tourist guide, accommodation, and transport operator)	
	8 Steps in developing travel itineraryBackground information for prepa GIT itinerary, FIT itinerary, Tailor made itinerary, special interest itiner		
	9	Resources for itinerary planning: Destination information brochure, Hotel/ ground operator brochure and tariff, Railway/Flight timetable and fare, TIM, Festival calendar, Use of various maps, Connectivity and types of transport, Weather updates, Socio-political risk factors	

Ma	nagemer	n) onwaras
	10	Valuable tips for good itinerary, Do's, and Don'ts of an itinerary
		Preparation of Itineraries
III	11	Learn about world tour itineraries in demand (Europe, US, Thailand, Singapore-Malaysia, Middle East itineraries, Sri Lanka, Maldives, Nepal, Bhutan)
•••	12	IRCTC Packages (Exercise)
	13	Preparing itineraries for Kerala (Exercise - Region wise: North Kerala and South Kerala)
	14	Introduction to tour packages, classifications of tour packages, Components of package tour
		Tour Packaging and Costing
	15	Preparation of tailor-made packages for students Group using students' concession
IV	16	Costing of package tour, Components of tour costing- Factors influencing Tour Costing- Fixed costs and variable costs
1 V	17	Preparation of cost sheet- Advantage of Tour Cost Sheet – Quotation.
	18	Tour pricing strategies - Tariff: Confidential Tariffs, Commission, Mark-up Service charges & other remuneration for Tour operation
	19	Tour Pricing and Pricing Strategies
V		Marketing of tour package: Stages in production of the package brochure Teacher Specific Content (12 Hrs)

Compulsory Learning Activity

- 1. Preparation of 10 different types of itineraries on major themes/destinations (inbound and outbound)
- 2. Tour Costing Exercises
- 3. Preparation of cost sheet
- 4. Production of the package brochure

References

- Chand, M. (2007). Travel agency management: an introductory text. New Delhi: Anmol Publications.
- Fletcher, J. (2018). Tourism: principles and practice. Harlow, Essex, England: Pearson Education Limited.
- Lalita Sharma. (2010). Travel agency and tour operations: concepts and principles. New Delhi: Centrum Press.
- Negi, J. (2006). Travel Agency and Tour Operation. New Delhi: Kanishka Publication.
- Sampad Kumar swain, & Jitendra Mohan Mishra. (2012). Tourism: principles and practices. Oxford: Oxford University Press.

Mapping of COs with PSOs

CO's	Programme Outcomes (PO's)					
	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO1	1	-	-	-	-	-
CO2	3	1	1	1	-	2
CO3	3	2	2	-	-	2
CO4	3	3	3	-	-	3

Assessment Rubrics:

	Evaluation Type	Marks	
End	Semester Evaluation	70	
	Continuous Evaluation 30		
	Viva-Voce	5	
b)	Internal Examination	10	
b)	Report: Compulsory Learning activities (1-4)	15	
	Total	100	

Correlation Levels:

Level	Correlation
-	Nil
1	Slightly / Low
2	Moderate / Medium
3	Substantial / High

SEMESTER 3	KU3DSCAAM203	TOURISM DESTINATION MAPPING

Programme	BBA (AAM)
Course Code	KU3DSCAAM203
Course Title	TOURISM DESTINATION MAPPING
Type of Course	DSC-B3
Semester	3
Academic Level	200 – 299

BBA (AAM) – Bachelor of Business Administration (Aviation and Airport Management)

2024 admission onwards

Course Details	Credit	Lecture	Tutorial	Practical	Total
		per week	per week	per week	Hours
	4	4		-	60
Pre-requisites					
Course Summary	practices of industry	of destination and analyz	n mapping in e, plan, ar	the context of	of the principles and of the travel and tourism stinations, considering ity factors.

Course Outcomes (CO):

СО	CO Statement	Cognitive Level*	Knowledge Category	Evaluation Tools used
CO1	Understand the basic concepts of continents and countries along with their key geographical features	U	С	
CO2	Apply time calculation skills, including flying time calculation with a basic understanding of time zones, standard time, Coordinated Universal Time (UTC), and the International Date Line.	Ap	Р	
CO3	Understand the tourist destinations, attractions, and accessibility of major countries in Europe and America	An	Р	Quiz/ Practical Assignment
CO4	Understand the tourist destinations, attractions, and accessibility of major countries in Asia and Africa	An	Р	/Observation of Practical Skills/ Seminar
CO5	Apply geographical concepts and principles to analyze, plan and map destinations.	Ap	Р	Presentation / Technology- based assessment

^{* -} Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (Ap), Analyze (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)

^{# -} Factual Knowledge(F) Conceptual Knowledge (C) Procedural Knowledge (P) Metacognitive Knowledge (M)

DETAILED SYLLABUS:

Module	Unit	Content
I		Basics of World Geography
	1	Earth, Latitude and Longitude
	2	Time Zones, GMT and IST, International Date Line
	3	Earth Movements – Rotation, Revolution, Day and Night, Seasons
	4	Atmospheric Layers and Importance
	5	Weather and Climate, Climatic Regions of the World (Brief)
	6	Major Landforms – Mountains, Plains, Plateaus; Physiographic Regions of the
		World and Continents (vegetation, people, culture, economy, tourism – in brief)
	7	Natural Wonders of the World (Brief:(Ancient and New)
	8	Maps and its use: Cartography, scale, Types of maps, Online/Digital map
		Maps with focus on Travel and Tourism-Important Digital Maps or Apps.
	9	Toposheets – Signs and Symbols-Use of GIS, GPS, Remote Sensing, 3 D Mapping
II		Travel Geography of Europe
	10	Tourist Destinations, and accessibilities of UK, Italy, and Spain (Brief)
	11	Tourist Destinations, Attractions and Accessibilities of France, Germany, and
		Switzerland (Brief)
	12	Mapping of important destinations in the map using 3-letter city codes (of the
		above)
III		Travel Geography of Americas
	13	Major Tourist Destinations, Accessibilities of Canada and USA (Brief)
	14	Major Tourist Destinations, and Accessibilities of Mexico and Caribbean Islands
		(Brief)
	15	Major Tourist Destinations, and Accessibilities of Brazil and Argentina (Brief)
	16	Mapping of important destinations in the map using 3-letter city codes (of the
		above)
IV		Travel Geography of Africa and Asia
	17	Major Tourist Destinations, and accessibilities of South Africa, Egypt, Mauritius,
		and Seychelles (Brief)
	18	Major Tourist Destinations, and Accessibilities of China, Nepal, Bhutan, Sri
		Lanka, and Maldives (Brief)
	19	Major Tourist Destinations, and Accessibilities of Japan, and Vietnam, Malaysia,
	•	Thailand, Indonesia and Singapore (Brief)
	20	Major Tourist Destinations, and Accessibilities of Australia, New Zealand (Brief)
	21	Major Tourist Destinations, and Accessibilities of UAE, Egypt, Israel, and Saudi
	22	Arabia (Brief)
	22	Mapping of important destinations in the map using 3-letter city codes (of the
¥7		above)
V		Teacher Specific Content (12 Hrs)

Compulsory Learning Activity

- 1. Problems on Time calculation and elapsed flying time
- 2. Case study report of destinations from all the continents (any one destination from one continent)

References

- Husain, Majid, World geography, Rawat Publications, Jaipur, 2016
- Ashok K, Ghosh, physical geography A landscape Appreciation, PHI Learning Private Limited, M-97, Connaught Circus, New Delhi-11001,2011
- Anon, World geography, Haughton Mifflin Harcourt Publishing company, Orlando, Florida, 2016
- Hudman, E Lloyd and Jackson H Richard, Geography of Travel and Tourism, Delmar Cengage Learning, USA, 2003
- S.A Qazi, Principles of Physical Geography, APH Publishing, 2009
- Richard H. Bryant, Physical Geography Made Simple, Elsevier Science 2013
- R.B. Bunnett, Seema Mehra Parihar, Pearson Education India, ISBN 9789353940614, 9353940613
- World Health Organization, United Nations Environment Programme, World Health Organization, 1991, ISBN 9789241544160, 9241544163
- Robert Broadbent Matkin, Dalesman, 1997, ISBN:9781855680968, 1855680963

Mapping of COs with PSOs

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO 1	2	ı	ı	ı	ı	-
CO 2	2	-	3	-	-	1
CO 3	3	-	-	-	-	-
CO 4	3	-	1	1	-	-
CO 5	3	2	1	1	-	2

Assessment Rubrics:

	Evaluation Type	Marks				
End	Semester Evaluation	70				
Cont	inuous Evaluation	30				
a)	Test Paper- 1	10				
b)	Case study	15				
c)	c) Seminar 5					
	Total	100				

Level	Correlation
-	Nil
1	Slightly / Low
2	Moderate / Medium
3	Substantial / High

:Correlation Levels

SEMESTER 3	KU3DSCAAM204	HOUSEKEEPING OPERATIONS
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Programme	BBA (AAM)						
Course Code	KU3DSCAAM204						
Course Title	Housekeeping Operat	ions					
Type of Course	Minor-C3						
Semester	3						
Academic Level	200 - 299						
Course Details	Credit	Lecture	Tutorial	Practical	Total		
		per week	per week	per week	Hours		
	4	4	-	-	60		
Course	This course covers	housekeepi	ng operatio	ns, cleaning	techniques,		
Summary	inventory management, guest satisfaction, sustainability, technology, and						
	practical training. Students learn about the role of housekeeping in the						
	hospitality and tourisr	n industry ar	nd gain hand	ls-on experier	nce in		
	housekeeping tasks ar	nd procedures					

Course Outcomes (CO):

CO	CO Statement	Cognitive Level*		Knowledge Category#	Evaluation Tools used
CO1	Develop an understanding of the Role		U	С	Instructor-created
	of Housekeeping Management in tourism industry.				exams / Quiz
CO2	Understand Housekeeping department organization and structure.		U	Р	Practical Assignment / Observation of Practical Skills
CO3	Practice the in-housekeep department and day today life.	oing	Ap	Р	Seminar Presentation / Group Tutorial Work
CO4	Demonstrate the ability to efficiently manage inventory related to effective housekeeping management.		Ap	Р	Instructor-created exams / Home Assignments

- * Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (Ap), Analyze (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)
- # Factual Knowledge(F) Conceptual Knowledge (C) Procedural Knowledge (P) Metacognitive Knowledge (M)

DETAILED SYLLABUS:

Module	Unit	Content
I		Fundamentals of Housekeeping Operations
	1	Role and importance of housekeeping in hospitality and tourism industry - Overview
	2	Attributes of Housekeeping personnel, Key duties, and responsibilities of Housekeeping staff-Staff allocation & Duty Roaster in Housekeeping Departments
	3	Layout of room and standard supplies- Amenities & Facilities for Standard & VIP Guest Rooms- Guest room features for differently abled.
	4	Bed making, second service and turn down service - Lost and Found Procedure, Lost and Found Register
	5	Records of Housekeeping Department: Room occupancy report, Guest room inspection form, Check list Floor register, Work order, Logbook, Room boys report/Maids report, Guest special requisite register. Baby sitting and its records
II		Cleaning Techniques
	6	Cleaning Agents: Basic cleaning agent, Classification, their uses, care, storage Cleaning methods for different areas of a hotel - Identification of cleaning equipment - Cleaning of rooms, bathroom, public area – Lobby, Lounge, Corridors, Pool Area, Elevators, Health club, F&B outlet, Office area.
	7	Replenishment of supplies & Linen, Inspection, Deep Cleaning Room inspection- Check List -Public Area cleaning, Room Status Reporting and Setting the priority for cleaning different areas of a hotel.
	8	Planning the linen and uniform room, storage of linen, linen exchange procedure, functions of uniform and uniform room, linen control
	9	Laundry process and stages in Wash cycle -Dry cleaning procedure and handling of guest laundry -Different types of stains, stain removal agents -Safety precaution while handling chemicals.
III		Housekeeping Management
	10	Floor Operations: Key Handling Procedure – types of keys
	11	Inventory control and stock management in housekeeping
	12	Interior Decoration, Color Scheme, Lighting, Furniture Arrangements, Floor and Wall
	13	Covering Paging systems and methods, Handling of Guest Requests, General operations of
137		control desk. Guest Satisfaction
IV		Guest Saustaction

14	Common Indoor plants, Tools and equipment's needed, Styles of flower
	arrangements
15	Environmentally Friendly Housekeeping Practices
16	Importance of sustainable practices in housekeeping operations, Energy and water
	conservation in housekeeping activities, Waste management and recycling initiatives
	in housekeeping.
	Teacher Specific Content (12 Hrs.)

Note: Compulsory Learning Activities:

- **1.** Role Plays on Housekeeping, Desk Management-Telephone Etiquettes, Handling Guest demands and Unruly Guests (Situation Handling).
- 2. Visit to a hotel or accommodation unit (Primary or supplementary) to understand Housekeeping Operations including cleaning techniques and inventory management,
- 3. Hands-on training in housekeeping tasks and procedures

References:

- Hotel, Hostel, and Hospital Housekeeping—Joan C. Branson & Margaret Lennox (ELBS).
- · Hotel Housekeeping—Sudhir Andrews Publisher: Tata McGraw Hill.
- · Professional Management of Housekeeping Operations—Martin Jones, Publisher: Wiley & Sons
- · Housekeeping Management, Matt A. Casado (Pearson, 2015)
- Hotel Management and Operations, Michael J. O'Fallon and Denney G. Rutherford (Wiley, 2018)

Managing Housekeeping Operations—Margaret Kappa & Aleta.

The Professional Housekeeper—Tucker Schneider, Publisher: VNR.

Mapping of COs with PSOs

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO 1	2	-	-	-	-	-
CO 2	2	1	-	-	-	1
CO 3	-	2	2	-	-	2
CO 4	-	2	2	-	-	-

Assessment Rubrics:

J	Marks		
End Sen	70		
Continuo	Continuous Evaluation		
a)	Practicum	15	
b)	15		
	100		

Correlation Levels:

Level	Correlation
-	Nil
1	Slightly / Low
2	Moderate / Medium
3	Substantial / High

SEMESTER 3	KU3VACAAM201	CUSTOMER RELATIONSHIP MANAGEMENT

Program	BBA (AAM)						
Course Code	KU3VACAAM201						
Course Title	Customer Relationship Management						
Type of Course	VAC-1						
Semester	3						
Academic Level	200–299						
Course Details	Credit Lecture per Tutorial Practical Total Howeek per week per week						
	3	3		-	45		
Course Summary	This course focuses on improving customer service, retention, sales, productivity, professionalism, communication skills, and personality development, aiming to streamline processes, enhance cross-functional collaboration, and prepare students for a business environment.						

Course Outcomes (CO):

CO	CO Statement	Cognitive	Knowledge	Evaluation
		Level*	Category#	Tools used
CO1	Make the students groom their	Ap	С	Quiz/ Practical
	personality towards a hospitality and			Assignment
	tourism profession.			/Observation of
CO2	Examine the importance of customer	U	P	Practical Skills/
	service management operations			Seminar
CO3	To prepare students to promote quality	Ap	P	Presentation /
	customer service management,			Technology-
	effectively handling consumer			based assessment
	Behavior and client relations.			
CO4	Identify customer service principles	Ap	P	
	that drive internal and external			
	customer satisfaction and			
	organizational success.			
CO5	Demonstrate an in-depth knowledge of	Ap	P	
	how effective customer service relates			
	to different types of customers in the			
	organization.			

^{* -} Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (Ap), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)

DETAILED SYLLABUS:

Module	Unit	Content
I		Customer Service
	1.	Customer Service- Customer Relationship Management, Stages of relationship
	2.	CRM cycle, Stakeholders in CRM, Types of CRM, Success Factors in CRM, Opportunities in CRM
	3.	E-CRM in Business, Technologies of e-CRM, Voice Portals, Web Phones, bots, Virtual
		Customer Representatives
	4.	Customer Relationship Portals- Challenges of Customer Service- Coping with Challenging Customers
П		Customer Satisfaction
	5.	Customer Satisfaction: Components, Models, Measuring Customer Satisfaction

^{# -} Factual Knowledge(F) Conceptual Knowledge (C) Procedural Knowledge (P) Metacognitive Knowledge (M)

6.	Service Quality Dimensions, Service Quality Gaps, Measuring Service Quality			
7.	Customer loyalty -Factors affecting customer loyalty			
8.	Cross-Selling and Up-Selling			
9.	Customer Retention- Strategies to influence customer perceptions and expectations			
10.	Tourist Behavior: concepts, process, Tourist's Codes of Behavior.			
11.	Transactional analysis: Analysis of Strokes, Decision-Making Skills- Arbitration and Adjudication			
12.	KBO-Knowledge Based Organization, Performance Management.			
	Factors that Affect Customer Relationships			
13.	Personality: types of personality			
14.	Concepts of success and failure: Factors responsible for success, hurdles in achieving success, overcoming hurdles, and causes of failure.			
15.	SWOC analysis - Attitude: Factors affecting attitudes, Positive attitude, Advantages,			
	Negative Attitude, Disadvantages, Ways to develop a positive attitude			
16.	Significance of motivation, Internal and external motives, Importance of self-motivation			
17.	Self-esteem: Advantages - Do's and Don'ts to develop positive self-esteem			
18.	Factors leading to de-motivation-Defining the difference between aggressive,			
	submissive, and assertive behaviors – Lateral thinking			
	Needs of Every Customer			
19.	Five Needs of Every Customer			
20.	Barriers to Excellent Customer Service - Understanding Expectations - Techniques for			
	Exceeding Customer Expectations			
21.	Role of Problem Solving in Customer Service			
22.	Professional Approaches to Apologizing & Conveying Bad News—Communications in			
	Customer Service: Words to Use or Avoid (Practical Sessions)			
	Teacher Specific Content (12 Hrs)			
	7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12. 13. 14. 15. 16. 17. 18.			

Compulsory Learning Activity

- 1. Case study of companies with the best customer care strategies.
- 2. Screening videos for learning customer care in the modern hospitality industry.

References:

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- Bhat, G. (2013). Customer Relationship Management, Himalaya Publishing House: New Delhi.
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- Knox, S., Payne, A., Ryals, L., Maklan, S., & Peppard, J. (2007). *Customer relationship management*. Routledge.
- Pizam, A., & Mansfeld, Y. (1999). *Consumer behavior in travel and tourism*. Psychology Press.
- (PDF) Customer Satisfaction in Tourism Service Quality (researchgate.net)
- (PDF) Customer Satisfaction in Tourist Destination: The Case of Tourism Offer in the City of Naples (researchgate.net)
- The-role-of-customer-care-in-a-customer-experience-transformation-vf.pdf (mckinsey.com)

Mapping of COs with PSOs

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO 1	2	2	3	-	-	2
CO 2	2	2	3	-	-	-
CO 3	2	2	1	-	-	2
CO 4	2	2	2	-	-	2
CO 5	2	2	2	-	-	1

Assessment Rubrics:

Evaluation Type		Marks
End Semester Evaluation		50
Conti	nuous Evaluation	25
a)	Case study	15
b)	Role play	10
Total		75

BBA (AAM)

Correlation Levels:

Level	Correlation
-	Nil
1	Slightly / Low
2	Moderate / Medium
3	Substantial / High

Program

SEMESTER 4

SEMESTER 4	KU4DSCAAM205	AIRLINE MANAGEMENT

8	,				
Course Code	KU4DSCAAM205				
Course Title	AIRLINE MANA	GEMENT			
Type of Course	DSC-A5				
Semester	4				
Academic Level	200–299				
Course Details	Credit	Lecture	Tutorial	Practical	Total Hours
		per week	per week	per week	
	4	4		-	60
Pre-requisites	No prerequisites i	needed for th	ne course		
Course Summary	structure, history DGCA, ICAO, a services, the role passenger and ca airport operation control mechanis extensively, empl servicing. By the knowledge and passenger and passenger are servicing.	No prerequisites needed for the course This course provides an in-depth understanding of the airline industry's structure, history, and regulatory framework, including key bodies like DGCA, ICAO, and IATA. Students explore the characteristics of airline services, the role of travel agents, and global distribution systems essential for passenger and cargo operations. The curriculum includes detailed study of airport operations, airline personnel, travel documentation, and air traffic control mechanisms. Ramp safety and handling procedures are covered extensively, emphasizing ground operations, accident prevention, and aircraft servicing. By the end of the course, learners will gain both theoretical knowledge and practical insights into the functioning and management of airline and airport services.			

Course Outcomes (COs):

CO	CO Statement	Cognitive	Knowledge	Evaluation Tools
		Level*	Category#	used
CO1	Understand the airline industry and its regulatory bodies.	U	С	Quiz/Practical Assignment /Observation of
CO2	Understand The characteristics of the Airline Industry.	Ap	Р	Practical Skills/ Seminar Presentation
CO3	Understanding the organisational structure of the airline industry.	Ap	Р	/ Technology- based assessment
CO4	Understanding the importance of safety and security.	An	Р	_
CO5	Understand the Ramp Procedures	U	P	-
# - Fa	emember (R), Understand (U), Apply (Ap), Actual Knowledge(F) Conceptual Knowledge Vledge (M)			

DETAILED SYLLABUS

Module	Unit	Content					
I		Introduction to Airline Industry					
	1.	1. Aviation – Introduction - Meaning & Genesis of Aviation - Aviation Terminology					
	2.	2. Economic and Social impact, Regulatory Bodies– DGCA, BCAS, ICAO, IATA.					
	3.	3. Development of commercial airlines – Deregulation – Impact of Deregulation					
	4.	4. Airline industry: Organizational Structure - Scheduled and Non-Scheduled Flights – Air					
		Cargo Transport					
II	Airline Service						
	5.	Characteristics of Passenger airlines – Service Industry – Characteristics - Travel Agent Management					
	6.	Travel Partners IATA Approved Travel Agency-Appointment and Control Bank guarantee					
	7.	IATA Billing and Settlement Plan Credit Period—-Customer Service-Service Provider					
		Training and Development of Travel agent-GDS					

	8.	Landside and Airside Areas – Terminal Building – Apron – Runway Training –
		Organizational Culture
III		Airport Services
	9.	Airports Personnel – Types of Airline Personnel – Flight crew and Cabin Crew
	10.	Processing Passengers and Freight – Airport Security – Air Navigation Services– Air Traffic Control
	11.	Airplanes – Manufacturers – Types of Aircraft
	12.	Travel Documents- Passport –Visa- TIM
	13.	Currency Regulations-IATA Rate of Exchange Banker 's Buying Rate- Bankers selling rate-Currency Conversion Departure Control System-ATC
IV		Ramp Safety and handling Procedures
	14.	Introduction –Operating Service Doors and Panels – Securing the Aircraft - Ramp Officer-Check sheet
	15.	Ramp Safety – Meaning – Handling Procedures - Types of Accidents at Ramp -Accident to Passengers – Accident to Personnel – Damage to Aircraft – Damage to Ground Equipment and Vehicle – (Beacon – Cones)
	16.	Personnel Protection on the Ramp – Propeller Safety – Thrust Reversers– Aerial and other Protrusions – Driving on the RAMP – Foreign Object Debris (FOD) – Ramp Markings – Service Roads – No Parking Areas – Equipment Parking Areas – Safety DO's and DON'Ts
	17	Aircraft Guiding Procedures – Baggage/Cargo Loading and Offloading Procedures –
1		
		Catering Uplift procedure-Aircraft Arrival Procedures- Aircraft Departure Procedures-

Compulsory Learning Activity:

- 1. Prepare a report on Aviation History
- 2. Make a chart on basic flight mechanics and type of Aircrafts
- 3. Analyse case study on passenger death (Inflight, terminal, ramp)
- 4. Make a PPT on roles and responsibilities of terminal staff.
- 5. Any other activity relevant to the course.

References:

- 1. AEROSPACE: The Journey of Flight, 2nd Edition
- 2. IATA Book on Airline Customer Service
- 3. The Global Airline Industry, Dr. Peter Belobaba, Cynthia Barnhart, 2009

CO-PSO Mapping:

CO's	Programme Outcomes (PO's)						
	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	
CO1	1	1	1	2	-	1	
CO2	1	2	1	2	-	-	
CO3	1	1	1	2	-	-	
CO4	2	3	3	1	1	1	

Assessment Rubrics:

E	Marks	
End Sen	70	
Continuo	30	
a)	Test Paper- 1	10
b)	Field Visit Report	20
	Total	100

Correlation Levels

Level	Correlation
-	Nil
1	Slightly / Low
2	Moderate/Medium
3	Substantial/High

200-299

SEMESTER 4 KU4DSCAAM206 TOURISM LAW AND ADMINISTRATION	SEMESTER 4	KU4DSCAAM206	TOURISM LAW AND ADMINISTRATION
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Programme	BBA (AAM)
Course Code	KU4DSCAAM206
Course Title	TOURISM LAW AND ADMINISTRATION
Type of Course	MINOR-A6

Semester	4				
Academic Level	200 – 2	99			
Course Details	Credit	Lecture per week	Tutorial per week	Practical per week	Total Hours
	4	4			60

Course Summary

This course explores India's travel geography, focusing on its diverse features, cultural landscapes, and tourism development, aiming to understand comprehensively how geography shapes travel experiences.

Course Outcomes (CO):

CO	CO Statement	Cognitive	Knowledge	Evaluation Tools
		Level*	Category#	used
CO1	Understanding legal frameworks impacting	U	С	
	the industry			
CO2	Examine Legal principles related to contracts	An	P	Quiz/ Practical
	in industry and specific contractual issues	All		Assignment
CO3			P	/Observation of
	Identify the legal requirements in hotel			Practical Skills/
	operations and determine the guest needs,	A A		Seminar
	liabilities, and implement strategies for	A, An		Presentation /
	exceptional service			Technology-based
				assessment

^{* -} Remember I, understand (U), Apply (Ap), Analyze (An), Evaluate I, Create I

DETAILED SYLLABUS:

Unit	Introduction to Tourism Laws	
1.	Overview of tourism and hospitality industry	
2.	Legal framework in tourism and hospitality	
3.	legal terms and concepts related to tourism industry	
4.	Ethical considerations in the industry	
5.	Formation and elements of a contract	
6.	Contractual relationships in the industry	
7.	ability and contractual disputes	
8.	Contract termination and remedies	
	1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7.	

^{# -} Factual Knowledge(F) Conceptual Knowledge I Procedural Knowledge (P) Metacognitive Knowledge (M)

	sementy	¥		
		Tourism Business and Laws		
II	9.	Registration of tourism business in India		
	10.	Government regulations impacting the industry -Licensing, permits, and compliance requirements		
	11.	Health and safety regulations		
	12.	Environmental laws and their implications-CRZ-Environmental Protection Act, Forest Act, Wildlife Act etc.		
	13.	Legal requirements in hotel operations- Foreigners Registration Act- Customs and Currency Regulations- Health Certificates		
	14.	Laws Relating to Hotel Premises		
15. Laws related to Planning & Designing		Laws related to Planning & Designing		
	16.	International Regulations for Hotels & Guests, International Laws for Food Safety, Quality & Security		
		Tourists and legislation		
III	17.	Guest rights and responsibilities		
	18.	Policies & Procedures for International Tourists		
	19.	Duty of care towards guests		
	20.	Liability for accidents, injuries, and property damage		
IV	Teacher Specific Content-(12 Hrs)			

Compulsory Learning Activity

- 1. Case study of Kerala tourism with special preference to tourism laws.
- 2. Case study of Indian tourism with special preference to tourism laws.

References

- Anolik, A. (1995). Travel, tourism, and hospitality law. A. Anolik.
- Barth, S. C., & Barber, D. S. (2017). Hospitality law: managing legal issues in the hospitality industry. John Wiley & Sons Inc.
- Barth, S., & Hayes, D. K. (2005). Hospitality Law: Managing Legal Issues in the Hospitality Industry, 2nd Edi. John Wiley & Sons.
- Mohanty, P. (2008). Hotel Industry and Tourism in India. APH Publishing.
- Malik S. (2011) Ethical & Legal & Regulatory Aspects Tourism Business
- Albuquerque. D. (2011), Business Ethics- Principles and Practices, Oxford: New Delhi
- Tulsain P.C (2007), Business Laws, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi.
- Goadwin R John (2014) Hotel Hospitality and Tourism Law

Mapping of COs with PSOs

	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO4	PSO 5	PSO6
CO 1	1	-	-	-	-	-
CO 2	2	1	-	-	-	2
CO 3	2	-	1	-	-	2

Assessment Rubrics:

E	Evaluation Type			
End Sen	nester Evaluation	70		
Continuo	us Evaluation	30		
a)	a) Test Paper- 1			
b)	Case Study	15		
c)	Seminar	5		
Total 100				

Correlation Levels:

Level	Correlation
-	Nil
1	Slightly / Low
2	Moderate / Medium
3	Substantial / High

SEMESTER 4	KU4DSCAAM207	TOUR LEADERSHIP AND STUDY TOUR

Program	BBA (AAM)
Course Code	KU4DSCAAM207
Course Title	TOUR LEADERSHIP AND STUDY TOUR
Type of Course	DSC-A7
Semester	4
Academic Level	200 – 299

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2024 admission onwards

Course Details	Credit	Lecture	Tutorial	Practical	Total
		per week	per week	per week	Hours
	4	5	-	-	75
Pre-requisites			,		
Course Summary	The course to procedures, and packages for to business, and p	d operations ourists. It cov	s, focusing overs administr	n creating iti	neraries and

Course Outcomes (CO):

CO	CO Statement	Cognitive	Knowledge	Evaluation Tools
		Level*	Category#	used
CO1	Understand the various	U	С	Quiz/Practical
	concepts related to tour			Assignment
	operation business.			/Observation of
CO2	Learn and practice various	U	P	Practical Skills/
	techniques used by the tour			Seminar Presentation
	operator's pre- and post-			/ Technology-based
	phases and during the tour's			assessment
	conduct.			
CO3	Apply various procedures to	Ap	P]
	conduct successful tours and			
	how one can emerge as a			
	leader in the process.			
CO4	Demonstrate the significance	Ap	P]
	of travel consultancy			
	handling procedures and			
	protocols.			

^{* -} Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (Ap), Analyze (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)

DETAILED SYLLABUS:

Module	Unit	Content		
I		Tour Planning		
	1.	Business Tour Operation - A brief account of TAAI and IATO		
	2.	Licenses required for guiding in India at various levels (Regional, State and Local		
	3.	Fiscal and nonfiscal incentives available to travel agencies and tour operators' business.		

^{# -} Factual Knowledge (F) Conceptual Knowledge (C) Procedural Knowledge (P) Metacognitive Knowledge (M)

V		Teacher Specific Content (12 Hrs)
IV		National/ International Study Tour
	20.	
	1).	Techniques and Storytelling- Presentation Skills and Public Speaking-
}	19.	Principles of Effective Communication in Tour Guiding-Interpretation
	18.	Types of overseas representatives and their duties
	17.	Don'ts in tour guiding- handling questions-handling awkward tourists- dealing with the group-handling grievances –handling emergency situations
-	17	tour, during the completion of the tour
	16.	
	15.	Techniques of commentary (Exercise on mock tour guiding)
	1.5	guide
	14.	Benefits of hiring a tour guide – challenges of a tour guide- role of the tour
III		Tour Guiding
	13	Closing the tour
		transportation- other responsibilities
		at the hotel-responsibilities at an attraction- responsibilities on modes of
	12	On – tour responsibilities- Receiving guest at airport/seaport-Responsibilities
		documentation- travel essential for a tour manager
	11	Pre Tour-Preparation-On Tour Responsibilities of A Tour Manager-familiarization with a destination-liaison with local suppliers – pre tour
	10.	Job of a tour Manager -Skill Sets for Tour Manager Pro Tour Proportion On Tour Personnellilities of A Tour Manager
-	10	Comment Sheet
	9.	Standard Procedures for Pickup and Drop, Preparation of Feedback or Guest
		Service Providers
		of Docket/File, Issue of Tour Vouchers, Reconfirmation with
	8.	Conducting Tours: Understanding Clients' Needs. Confirmation of Tour, Creation
II		Tour Operation
1	7.	Tour Promotion- Preparation of brochure
-	6.	Tour Negotiation: Commitment, Allocation and Ad-hoc basis
		Identification of mode of transportation and accommodation, Contract signing with service providers,
	5.	Package tour formulation process: Market research, Itinerary preparation,
		Exercises on Travel Documentation (PASSPORT/VISA)
		Visa and other travel documents-TIM
		Travel Documentation (PASSPORT/VISA); Tour Documentation: Passport,

Note: Compulsory Learning Activity

1. Prepare an itinerary imparting all theoretical knowledge acquired in the previous three semesters for the study tour (National/International). National tours can take place anywhere in India, visiting at least three key tourist destinations (not attractions), and are not limited to North or South India. The plan can include any region, including South, North, Western, and Eastern India, or a combination of these.

Duration: Max. 6-10 Days; Destination: India/ Abroad.

- Tours of more than 10 days must be discouraged, in any circumstances.
- The tour itinerary must be prepared by the students only.
- One sector air journey to be included in the itinerary.
- Involvement of each student in travel planning and execution must be evaluated
- Tour Diary (Minimum of 40 pages) must be evaluated by the teacher who escorted the trip (preferably group leader) and the HOD for 25 marks as follows.
 - o Tour diary (Spiral Binding) : 15 marks

Tour Diary should contain the following details.

- o Tour planning process (in brief)
- o Tour itinerary
- o Daily activities
- o Description of the destinations/ attractions visited with SWOT Analysis
- o Details of activities engaged,
- o Personal experiences out of the tour with at least one photo of the destination
- Involvement in tour planning and execution: 5 marks
- Discipline during the tour : 5 marks
- Viva-Voce and Presentation :5 Marks
 - Total :15 marks

Special Note:

Those who do not attend the study tour will not receive internal marks of 25. Students can pass the written examination and receive internal marks of 5 based on Viva and other assignments based on the material of this course, therefore missing the study tour will not result in a failure of the course.

(Max. marks in such cases are 70 for theory (External)+ 5 for Viva (Internal)= 75 Marks)

References:

- Tour leadership and Management, shailja Sharma and Nimit Chowdhary (2018)-Sage
- J. Negi, J., & Manoher, G. (2009). *Hospitality Management*. Laxmi Publications Ltd...
- Foster, D. L. (1991). The business of travel: agency operations and administration. (*No Title*).
- Webster, S. (1993). Group travel operating procedures. Van Nostrand Reinhold Company.

- Yale, P. (1995). *The business of tour operations*. Addison Wesley Longman Ltd.
- Chand, M. (2002). *Travel agency management: An introductory text*. Anmol Publications PVT. LTD.
- Weiler, B., & Ham, S. H. (2001). Tour guides and interpretation. In *The encyclopedia of ecotourism* (pp. 549-563). Wallingford UK: CABI publishing.
- Pond, K. L. (1993). The professional guide: Dynamics of tour guiding. (*No Title*).
- Pond, K. L. (1993). The Professional Guide: Dynamics of Tour Guiding. John Wiley & Sons.
- Gartner, W. C. (Ed.). (1996). Tour Guides and Tour Guiding: A Service Industry Handbook. Kendall/Hunt Publishing Company.
- Weiler, B., & Black, R. (2015). Tour Guiding Research: Insights, Issues and Implications. Channel View Publications.
- Rabotić, B. (2010). Tour Guide training. Ross Publishing.
- Cohen, E. (1985). The Tourist Guide: The Origins, Structure and Dynamics of a Role. Annals of Tourism Research, 12(1), 5-29.

Mapping of COs with PSOs:

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO 1	2	1	1	1	ı	2
CO 2	2	2	-	-	-	2
CO 3	3	2	1	-	-	2
CO 4	2	3	-	-	-	2

Correlation Levels:

Level	Correlation
-	Nil
1	Slightly / Low
2	Moderate / Medium
3	Substantial / High

Assessment Rubrics:

Evaluation Type	Marks
End Semester Evaluation	70
Continuous Evaluation	30
a) Tour diary (Spiral Binding)	15
b) Involvement in tour planning and execution	5

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2024 admission onwards

c) Discipline during the tour	5
d) Viva-Voce (Can be related to Study Tour / based on Modules 1-3 for those who do not attend study tour	5
Total	100

SEMESTER 4	KU4SECAAM201	BUSINESS COMMUNICATION

Program	BBA (AAM)	BBA (AAM)			
Course Code	KU4SECAAM201	KU4SECAAM201			
Course Title	Business Commun	Business Communication			
Type of Course	SEC-1	SEC-1			
Semester	4	4			
Academic Level	200–299	200–299			
Course Details	Credit	Lecture per	Tutorial	Practical	Total Hours
		week	per week	per week	
	3	3	-	-	45
Course Summary	general communic hospitality industr aims to enhance enhance students' the corporate wor	This paper aims to equip the students with a wider overview of the general communication skills required at the managerial level in the hospitality industry, both at the conceptual and application level. It aims to enhance the presentation and other skills that eventually enhance students' employability for their future jobs and endeavors in the corporate world to gain a cutting edge over their counterparts within the country and across the globe.			

Course Outcomes (CO):

CO	CO Statement	Cognitive	Knowledge	Evaluation Tools
		Level*	Category#	used
CO1	Prepare students themselves for the job	U	С	Quiz/ Practical
	market with excellent presentation and			Assignment
	communication skills.			/Observation of
CO2	To establish and articulate presentations	U	P	Practical Skills/
	with clear goals and objectives.			Seminar Presentation /
CO3	Practice Business English in practical	Ap	P	Technology-based
	situations.			assessment

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2024 admission onwards

CO4	Analyse and explain the importance of	Ap	P	
	soft skills required for corporate culture			
	and professionalism in the service			
	industry.			

^{* -} Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (Ap), Analyze (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)

[#] - Factual Knowledge (F) Conceptual Knowledge (C) Procedural Knowledge (P) Metacognitive Knowledge (M)

Module	Unit	Content		
I		Communication		
	1.	Communication: 7 Cs of communication Layout of a Business Letter; Emails, Job Applications; Personal Letters –Sales Letters; Business Letters, Types of Business Letter, Layout of Business Letter,		
	2.	Reports: Types of Business Reports, Reports Writing		
	3.	Meetings: Need, Planning of Meetings, Drafting of Notice, Agenda, Minutes & Resolutions of Meeting		
	4.	Writing Memorandum, Press Release, Press Conference- Use of MS Office in Business Communication — Layout Options and Illustrations		
	5.	Effective E-Mail Writing – Travel Blogs – Podcasts and Vodcasts		
II	Employability Quotient			
	6.	Techniques for effective presentation - Designing a presentation- Resume building- Group Discussion		
	7.	Facing the Interview: Frequently Asked Questions - Mock Interview		
	8.	Public Speaking; Types, developing a relationship with the audience, Adapting to Special Occasions, Development of Self-Confidence-Body Language		
	9.	Work Ethics- Business etiquettes – netiquettes, telephonic & table etiquettes		
	10.	General Do's and Don'ts		
III		Business English		
	11.	Business English: Salutations in the hospitality Industry & analyzing grammatical errors in spelling & punctuation		
	12.	Common errors in spoken and written English often confused; one-word substitution, phrases, idioms		
	13.	Spoken English: formal English and business-related conversations		

	14.	Difference between British and American English- Vowels- Common mistakes in English pronunciation		
	15.	Vocabulary pertaining to tourism and allied subjects alone need be taught.		
IV	Conversational English			
	16.	Conversational English: English in different situations-Making enquiries, expressing various emotions-agreement-disagreements, happiness, anger etc.		
	17.	Expressing gratitude, apologizing-explaining- giving orders, how to start a conversation		
	18.	How to end a conversation-building conversation		
V		Teacher Specific Content (12 Hrs.)		

Note: Compulsory Learning Activities:

- 1. Role Plays, and Presentations,
- 2. Listening exercises with the help audio-visual aids for understanding formal English and business-related conversations.
- 2. Production of Newsletters, in-house journals, Preparation of press releases, writing features on tourism, writing advertisement/preparing brochures for tourism/hospitality
- 3. Prepare resume
- 4. GD sessions
- 5. Mock Interviews

References:

- Chaturvedi, P. D. (2011). Business communication: Concepts, cases, and applications. Pearson Education India.
- Sharma, R. C., & Mohan, K. (2016). Business Correspondence and Report Writing: A practical approach to business & technical communication.
- Parvathi, V. Suggestive Techniques for Better Performance in Group. 21.-V.-Parvathi-paper-final-libre.pdf (d1wqtxts1xzle7.cloudfront.net)
- Kumar, R. (2010). Basic business communication. Excel Books India.

Mapping of COs with PSO:

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO 4	PSO5	PSO6
CO 1	2	2	2	-	-	2
CO 2	2	1	2	1	ı	1
CO 3	2	2	1	1	-	1
CO 4	2	2	2	1	-	1

Assessment Rubrics:

	Evaluation Type				
End Sen	nester Evaluation	50			
Continuo	ous Evaluation	25			
a)	a) Test Paper- 1				
b)	Role Plays	5			
c) Any one from the Compulsory Learning Activities:		10			
	Total				

Correlation Levels:

Level	Correlation
-	Nil
1	Slightly / Low
2	Moderate / Medium
3	Substantial / High

SEMESTER 4	KU4VACAAM202	BASICS OF FOOD SCIENCE AND NUTRITION

Program	BBA (AAM)				
Course Code	KU4VACAAM202				
Course Title	Basics of Food Scie	nce and Nuti	rition		
Type of Course	VAC-2				
Semester	4				
Academic Level	200–299				
Course Details	Credit	Lecture	Tutorial	Practical	Total
		per week	per week	per week	Hours

	3	3	_	_	45
Pre-requisites					_
Course Summary	This course helps to	understand	biological, cl	nemical, and p	hysical
	structures of fo knowledge of food a food contamination of	at a micro-le			•

Course Outcomes (CO):

CO	CO Statement	Cognitive	Knowledge	Evaluation Tools
		Level*	Category#	used
CO1	Obtain knowledge of different food	U	С	
	groups and their contribution			Quiz/ Practical
	to nutrition.			Assignment
CO2	Acquire knowledge of beverages and	U	P	/Observation of
	its uses with attention to the			Practical Skills/
	preservation of their nutritive value -			Seminar
	oriented to Traditional Indian			Presentation
	beverages			/ Technology-based
CO3	Understand the food additives and	Ap	P	assessment
	food laws and standards governing			
	the food			
	adulteration			

^{* -} Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (Ap), Analyse (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)

DETAILED SYLLABUS:

Module	Unit	Content					
I		Introduction to Food Production					
	1.	Kitchen Equipment-Cooking Fuel -Rules for Reheating of food/ réchauffé					
		cooking					
	2.	Various Methods of cooking (Moist, Dry, Frying, microwave cooking)					
		Microwave cooking advantage & Disadvantages -Time and temperature, Effect of cooking on food items & nutrients, Care & Precautions to be taken,					
	3.	Basic preparation techniques (e.g., chopping, slicing, dicing)- Foundation					
		Ingredients-Fats& oils-Salt -Raising Agents-Liquids-					
	4.	Principles of Flavorings and seasonings – Sweetening – Thickenings					
II		Introduction to Food and Nutrition (Brief)					
	5.	Stock –components, Types, and use of stock—Sauces- thickening agent used in					
		sauces, Classification of sauces. Soups-types, preparation, garnishing for soup-					
		Accompaniment and garnishes					

^{# -} Factual Knowledge(F) Conceptual Knowledge (C) Procedural Knowledge (P) Metacognitive Knowledge (M)

171111111	gemenij	onwards							
	6.	Milk and Milk Products - Nutritive Value- Processing-Micro-organisms-							
		Processing of Milk-Pasteurization— Homogenization-Types of Milk. Yoghurts:							
		Varieties of Yoghurts-Creams: Types of Cream- Storage of Cream. Cheese:							
	Types of Cheese-Basics of Cheese Making- Storage of Cheese- ButterType								
		of Butter.							
	7.	Cereals-Types, Structure-Composition and Nutritive Value							
	8.	Nuts and Oils- Types, Nutritive value- Toxins							
	9.	Pulses-Types, Nutritive Value-Processing- Storage- Infestation							
	10.	Herbs: Uses and Varieties of Herbs- Spices uses and Varieties - Condiments:							
		Uses and Varieties - Salads types of salad - salad dressing							
	11.	Vegetable and Fruit- Types, Composition-Nutritive Value							
	12.	Beverages- classification Alcoholic Beverages- Non-Alcoholic Beverages							
		Beverages-Coffee -Tea-Cocoa- Fruit Beverages and Milk-based Beverages							
III		Introduction to Food Science							
	13.	Meat-Structure-Composition-Nutritive Value							
	14.	Egg- Composition - Preservation							
	15.	Fats and Oils Composition -Nutritive Value							
	16.	Fungi and Algae as Foods							
	17.	Food Preservation Methods							
IV		Food Preservation and Presentation							
	18.	Food additives-Food Adulteration- Types of Food adulterants -Intentional							
		Adulterants- Metallic Contamination-Incidental Adulterants							
	19.	Food quality- Sensory Evaluation-Objective Evaluation- Evaluation Card							
	20.	Types of Food Quality Tests.							
	21.	Menu Planning: Principles of menu planning and design- Nutritional							
		considerations in menu planning							
	22.	Basic plating and presentation techniques (Practical)- Trends in food							
		presentation and gastronomy (Practical)							
V		Teacher Specific Content (12 Hrs)							
•	1								

Compulsory Learning Activity

- 1. Field visit to a hotel or any accommodation unit to understand the basics of food production.
- 2. Identify the food preservation methods used by various companies for their products by examining its products.

References:

- Food Science B. Srilakshmi
- Food Science and Nutrition Malathi
- Nutrition Science B. Srilakshmi Food
- And Nutrition -P.K.Jas

Mapping of COs with PSOs and POs:

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6
CO 1	2	-	-	-	-	-
CO 2	2	1	-	-	-	1
CO 3	2	-	1	-	-	-

Assessment Rubrics:

Level	Correlation
-	Nil
1	Slightly / Low
2	Moderate/Medium
3	Substantial/High

Correlation Levels

Е	Marks		
End Sen	50		
Continuo	Continuous Evaluation		
a)	Practicum/Viva-Voce	10	
b)	Field Visit Report	15	
	Total	75	

SEMESTER 4	KU4VACAAM203	EVENT MANAGEMENT AND HOSPITALITY

Programme	BBA (AAM)				
Course Code	KU4VACA	AM203			
Course Title	EVENT MA	ANAGEMENT	AND HOSP	ITALITY	
Type of Course	VAC-3				
Semester	4				
Academic Level	200 - 299				
Course Details	Credit	Lecture per	Tutorial	Practical	Total Hours
		week	per week	per week	
	3	3		-	45
Pre-requisites					
Course Summary	This course offers a comprehensive overview of event management,				
	covering event functions, host facilities, operations, budgeting, and best				
	practices of event planners worldwide, focusing on global meeting				
	planners.				

Course Outcomes (CO):

CO	CO Statement	Cognitive	Knowledge	Evaluation		
		Level*	Category#	Tools used		
CO1	Enrich the knowledge level of managing	U	С			
	different types of events.					
CO2	Comprehend various technologies	U	С	Instructor-		
	adopted by meetings and exhibition			created		
	planners.			exams		
CO3	Apply knowledge and skills in the event	Ap	P	/ Practical		
	business.			Assignment /		
				Practical		
CO4	Understand different event laws and	U	С	Assignment /		
	regulations.	_	_	Seminar		
CO5	Acquiring budgeting skills specific to	Ap	P	presentation/		
	MICE.					
* - Re	* - Remember (R), Understand (U), Apply (Ap), Analyze (An), Evaluate (E), Create (C)					
# - Factual Knowledge(F) Conceptual Knowledge (C) Procedural Knowledge (P)						
Metad	cognitive Knowledge (M)					

DETAILED SYLLABUS:

Module	Unit	Content
I		Event Business
	1	Introduction to Events: Scope - Nature - Types of Events
	2	Five Cs of Event Management- Trends of Event Business
	3	Roles and Functions of Event Manager - Attributes of Technical Staff
	4	Preparation of Operation Manual - Developing Record Keeping Systems.
II		MICE Tourism
	5	MICE Tourism, features, criteria required for a MICE destination.
	6	Players in event business – ICPB, ICCA; the relationship between events & tourism
		industry; Travel marts –ITB, WTM, FITUR, KTM, etc., shopping festivals,
		Biennale etc.
	7	Selection of Event Site: Individual events & Corporate events, conference &
		convention centers
	8	Types of venues- Layouts and Designs.
III		Event Laws & Regulations
	9	Event Laws & Regulations - Permissions Required for Holding an Event: Police
		Permissions
	10	Performing License - Entertainment Tax
	11	Permissions for Open Ground Events
	12	License for Serving Liquor
	13	Waste Management & Green Certification
	14	Traffic Police - Ambulance
	15	Fire and safety

	16	Permission from Municipal Corporation			
	17	Indian Performing Rights Society (IPRS).			
IV		Planning and Scheduling Events			
	18	Planning and Scheduling Events: Corporate Events - Trade Shows			
	19	Planning and Scheduling Events- Exhibitions - Events in Educational Institutions			
	20	Budgeting of MICE - Use of Budget Preparation			
	21	Estimating Fixed and Variable Costs - Cash Flow -Sponsorship and Subsidies			
	22	Ethical Behavioral Practices in MICE industry.			
V	Teacher Specific Content (12 Hrs)				

Compulsory Learning Activity:

- 1. Conduct an Event incorporating all learning.
- 2. Case Study of an event management company.

References:

- Fenich, G.G. (2014). *Production and Logistics in Meeting, Expositions, Events and Conventions*. Edinburgh: Pearson.
- Robincon, P., Wale, D., & Dickson, G. (2010). Events Management 'Ed'. London: CABI.
- Editorial Data Group USA (2018). Exhibition & Conference Organizers United States: Market Sales: United States Kindle Edition.
- Johnson, N. (2014). Event Planning Tips: *The Straight Scoop on How to Run a Successful Event* (Event Planning, Event Planning Book, Event Planning Business), MCJ Publishing. Kindle Edition.
- Mittal, S. (2017). Event Management: Ultimate Guide to Successful Meetings, Corporate Events, Conferences, Management & Marketing for Successful Events: Become an event planning pro & create a successful event series. Alex Genadinik Publication. Kindle Edition

Mapping of COs with PSOs:

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO 5	PSO6
CO 1	2	ı	ı	-	1	-
CO 2	2	2	3	-	1	2
CO 3	2	1	1	-	1	-
CO 4	-	-	-	3		-
CO 5	-	3	2	-	-	2

Correlation Levels:

Level	Correlation
-	Nil
1	Slightly / Low
2	Moderate / Medium
3	Substantial / High

Assessment Rubrics:

E	valuation Type	Marks
	nester Evaluation	50
1	us Evaluation	25
a)	Test Paper- 1	10
b)	Case Study	15
	Total	75